Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	•
Fund Balance-Budget and Actual:	
Western Stampede Fund	74
Fairway Estates Fund	75
Kraftmaid Special Improvement District Fund	76
Capital Support Fund	77
Road Capital Improvement Fund	78
Parks Capital Improvement Fund	79 [:]
Municipal Building Authority Fund	80
Storm Capital Improvement Fund	81
Buildings Capital Improvement Fund	82
Community Development Block Grant Fund	83
Supplementary Individual Fund Financial Schedules-General Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-General Fund	85
Combining Financial Statements-Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Assets-Internal Service Fund	87
Combining Statement of Net Assets-Internal Service Fund Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	07
Net Assets-Internal Service Funds	88
Combining Statement of Cash Flows-Internal Service Funds	89-90
Combining Statement of Cash Flows-Internal Service Funds	69-90
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Financial Trends:	
Schedule 1 – Net Assets by Component	94
Schedule 2 – Changes in Net Assets	95- 96
Schedule 3 – Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	97
Schedule 4 – Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	98
Schedule 5 – Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds	99
Revenue Capacity:	
Schedule 6 – Direct Taxable Sales by Category	100
Schedule 7 – Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	101
Schedule 8 – Property Tax Levies and Collections	102
Schedule 9 – Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	103
Schedule 10 – Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	104
Schedule 11 – Principal Sales Tax Payers	105
Schedule 12 – Principal Property Tax Payers	106
Debt Capacity:	100
	107
Schedule 13 – Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	
Schedule 14 – Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	108
Schedule 15 – Direct and Overlapping Debt	109
Schedule 16 – Legal Debt margin Information	110
Schedule 17 – Pledged Revenue Coverage Water Revenue Bonds	111

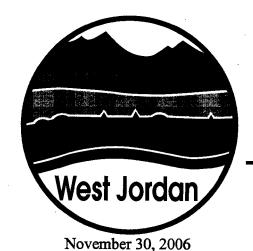
CITY OF WEST JORDAN Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal	3-7
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	8
Organization Chart	9
List of Principal Officials	10
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants	13-14
Management's Discussion and Analysis	15-25
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	28
Statement of Activities	29
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds	30
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances-Governmental Funds	31
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental funds to the Statement	
of Activities	32
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	•
Fund Balances-Budget and Actual-General Fund	33
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances-Budget and Actual-Redevelopment Agency	34
Statement of Net Assets-Proprietary Funds	35
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
Fund Net Assets-Proprietary Funds	36
Statement of Cash Flows-Proprietary Funds	37-38
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	39-68
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules	
Combining Financial Statements-Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance-Sheet-Nonmajor Funds	70
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances-Nonmajor Governmental Funds	71

Schedule 18 – Pledged Revenue Coverage Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	112
Schedule 19 – Pledged Revenue Coverage Excise Tax Revenue Bonds	112
Schedule 20 – Pledged Revenue Coverage Tax Increment Revenue bonds	113
Schedule 21 – Pledged Revenue Coverage HUD Contract Payable	113
Demographic and Economic Information:	•
Schedule 22 – Demographic and Economic Statistics	114
Schedule 23 – Principal Employers	. 115
Operating Information:	
Schedule 24 – FT Equivalent City Government Employees by	
Function/Program	116
Schedule 25 – Operating Indicators by Function/Program	117
Schedule 26 – Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	118
Schedule 27 – Impact Fee Revenues and Forecasted Expenditures	119-120



City of West Jordan Finance/Administrative Services

8000 South Redwood Road West Jordan, Utah 84088 (801) 569-5000 Fax (801) 569-5049

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of West Jordan:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of West Jordan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of West Jordan. City management is responsible for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The City of West Jordan's financial statements have been audited by Osborne, Robbins & Buhler, PLLC, CPAs., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of West Jordan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The City was required to undergo a single audit in accordance with the provisions of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations". Information related to this single audit, including the opinion on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the auditor's reports on compliance and internal controls over financial reporting in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards (GAS), and the auditor's report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, are available in a separate report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of West Jordan was incorporated in 1941 and operates under the council-manager form of municipal government. The city council, composed of the mayor and six city council members, is the legislative branch of city government. Each of the council members and the mayor serve four-year terms. The city council is responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, and appointing committees and the city manager. The city manager and the subordinate officers and employees are the executive branch of city government. The city manager is responsible for directing the day-to-day operations of the city and carrying out the ordinances and policies adopted by the council.

The City is located in the northern portion of the state. The City has experienced population growth of 21 percent over the course of the past five years. The City's economy continues to grow in residential construction, industrial construction, and retail sales. This trend of economic growth is expected to continue.

The City provides a full range of services. These services include police and fire protection; culinary water; sanitary sewer; solid waste and recycling pickup; construction and maintenance of highways, parks, recreation facilities, and other infrastructure; the Western Stampede and cultural events. Component units are entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The West Jordan Redevelopment Agency and the West Jordan Municipal Building Authority are included as blended component units. The City has no discretely presented component units. The City has established mission statements which clearly define key goals for the City. The mission statements are as follows.

General Government

Attorney: Provide clear, comprehensive, and well-grounded legal services to elected and appointed officials of the City.

City manager: Implement the policies of the City Council through the daily direction and coordination of City activities, foster a spirit of teamwork and customer service among City employees, recommend policy changes to the City Council and enforce all applicable laws and ordinances.

City recorder: Create, record and maintain official City documents and provide complete and accurate information in a timely, efficient and professional manner.

Finance: Enhance the quality of financial decision making by instituting budget practices that illuminate the short and long term key issues and choices facing our community, prevent fraud by providing strong internal controls, and achieve savings in procurement through fair competitive practices.

Community Development

Create opportunities for economic and community prosperity and provide effective support for the planning and development needs of the City.

Fire

Provide professional and efficient services which mitigate fire, medical and other risks to life and property, while enhancing public awareness and education through inspections and other prevention programs for the City.

Police

Provide quality community oriented policing through a partnership with our citizens which creates a safe and secure environment for living and working in the City.

Public Works

Maintain infrastructure to provide uninterrupted services to the public, and ensure that new development and construction conforms to appropriate standards of quality.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. Activities of the general and special revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The City has adopted a five-year strategic plan for capital improvements. In order to comply with state law, they are shown as an annual budget, such as with other governmental funds. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by function within an individual fund. The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year end but generally are reappropriated as part of the following year's budget.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management, as demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report. City council, city manager and directors meet annually for a strategic planning session. The purpose of the strategic planning session is to establish the City's priorities for the coming year and how those priorities can best be accomplished.

Budgeting for and accounting for capital projects is a major focus for the City because the City continues to experience residential and commercial growth. The City is committed to planning

for infrastructure and capital improvement. Capital projects are listed in separate funds based on function. This approach has facilitated the tracking of impact fee reserves and annual budgeting.

Local economy. Jordan Landing, the largest mixed-use development in the western region is located in the City of West Jordan. Jordan Landing covers over 500 acres total, combining 1,200 residential units, 1.4 million square feet of retail space, and 1.5 million square feet of office space. The City provides a very favorable environment for retail development.

The City is focusing resources on the expansion and enhancement of the area surrounding City Hall. The City recently completed construction of the park located west of City Hall. This park has been named the Veterans Memorial Park. The park contains improved playgrounds and amenities. The City continues to plan improvements in the park. The City has completed construction of a new justice center located south of City Hall. The justice center is the home of the police and Justice Court for the City. The justice center provides more space for the growing police and court departments.

Long-term financial planning. The long-term financial plan for the City is very favorable. The City's general fund remains healthy, adding to fund balance regularly. The City has taken advantage of low interest rates to finance capital improvements to support development within the City. Maintaining and expanding infrastructure to support growth remains one of the City's greatest challenges. The City incorporates a detailed strategic plan for capital improvements in its annual budget that addresses the funding of roads, parks, storm sewer, water, and sewer projects.

Cash management. Cash during the year was invested in the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund, statement savings, and repurchase agreements. The City's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. The City's investments are un-collateralized and insured only up to \$100,000 per institution by the FDIC. Utah operates under state statute allowing investments to be un-collateralized if state guidelines are followed.

Risk Management. The City is self-insured for unemployment. The City is also self-insured to \$15,000 for general liability, automobile liability and errors and omissions. The City is a member of Utah Risk Management Mutual Association (URMMA) which provides general liability, automobile liability and errors and omissions coverage for claims in excess of the self-insured amount. The City also pays insurance premiums for losses not covered by its self-insurance or URMMA.

Post-employment Benefits. The City pays out unused vacation, holiday, compensatory time and execute leave balances at termination. The City provides postretirement health and dental benefits for certain retirees and their dependents. As of the end of the current fiscal year, there were 10 employees receiving these benefits. Retired employees may elect to apply their remaining unused sick leave toward the monthly health insurance premium at a rate ranging from 40 percent to 70 percent depending on years of service. In order to qualify, the employee is required to notify his/her department head at least one year in advance of retirement. GAAP does require governments to report a liability in the financial statements in connection with an employer's obligation to provide these benefits.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. This was the twenty fifth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for fiscal year 2006. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of the CAFR on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. In closing, the leadership and support of the governing body of the City has been an important factor in the preparation of this report.

Sincerely,

M. Luebbers

City Manager

Janice Larsen

Deputy Finance Director

David A. Hales

Director of Finance/Administrative Services

1 Holy

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of West Jordan Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITO STATES
CANDA
CANDA
CANDA
SEAT

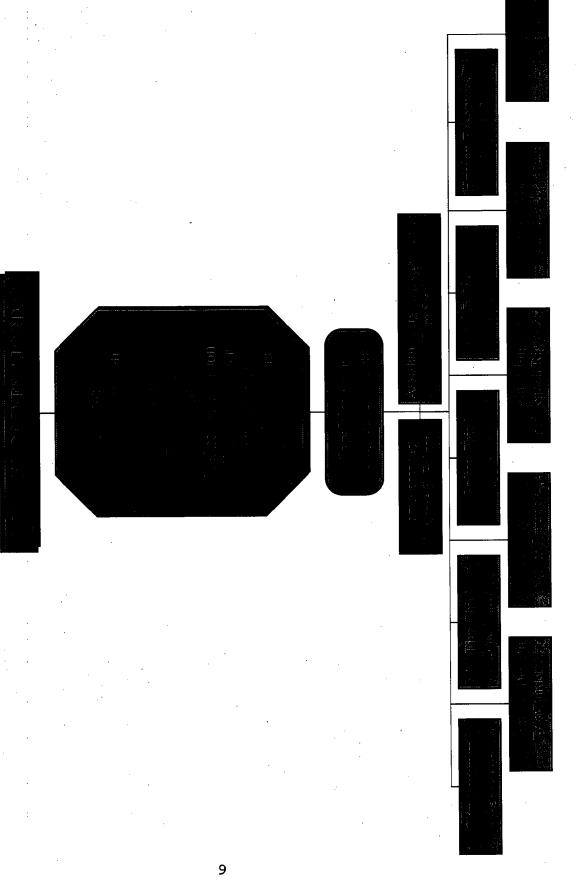
Caren E perge

President

Executive Director

fry K. Ener

CITY OF WEST JORDAN ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE



CITY OF WEST JORDAN List of Principal Officials June 30, 2006

Title	Name
Mayor	David B. Newton
Council Member	Rob Bennett
Council Member	Kathy Hilton
Council Member	Melissa K. Johnson
Council Member	Mike Kellermeyer
Council Member	Kim B. Rolfe
Council Member	Lyle C. Summers
City Manager	Gary M. Luebbers
Assistant City Manager	Thomas Steele
Public Works Director	Tim Peters
Community Development Director	Thomas Burdette
Engineering Director	Wendell Rigby
Police Chief	Ken McGuire
Fire Chief	Brad Wardle
Finance Director	David Hales
City Attorney	Roger Cutler
Treasurerer	David Zobell
Judge	Ron Kunz
City Recorder	Melanie S. Briggs
Human Resource Director	Debbie Bell

OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of West Jordan, Utah

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Jordan, Utah (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Jordan, Utah as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Redevelopment Agency Fund for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2006 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 15 through 25 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of West Jordan, Utah's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining, and individual fund financial statements, and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Oslome Rollins & Bahler PLLC

November 22, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of West Jordan (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$414,608,448. Of this amount, \$56,412,333 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net assets increased by \$8,040,011 during 2006. The increase in net assets can be attributed to impact fee revenues and contributions of capital assets from developers.
- The unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$6,348,594, or approximately 17.7 percent of total general fund expenditures. The unreserved fund balance for the general fund decreased by \$1,868,981 from the previous year.
- The City's total outstanding debt experienced a net increase of \$3,399,452. The increase was primarily due to the issuance of new debt. The new debt included tax increment bonds in the amount of \$8,020,000 and interim warrants in the amount of \$495,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City of West Jordan's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of West Jordan is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of West Jordan that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental

activities) from other functions that are intended to cover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of West Jordan include general government, community development, police, fire, public works, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of West Jordan include water, sewer, and solid waste.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also two legally separate entities, the Redevelopment Agency and the Municipal Building Authority, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is blended with the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 28-29 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of West Jordan, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City of West Jordan can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The City maintains twelve individual governmental funds, five major funds and seven non-major funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the redevelopment agency, the capital support fund, the road capital improvement fund and the park capital improvement fund which are considered major funds. Financial information for the other seven funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-34 of this report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and the redevelopment agency. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and the redevelopment agency to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary funds. The City of West Jordan maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City maintains three individual enterprise funds. Information is presented separately in the proprietary statement of net assets and the proprietary statement of revenues, expense and changes in fund net assets for the water fund, sewer fund, and the solid waste fund which are all considered major funds. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of West Jordan uses internal service funds to account for its fleet maintenance and risk management activities. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included principally within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements but are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-38 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 39-68 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor funds and internal service funds are presented as supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2006, the City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$414,608,448. By far the largest portion (78.8 percent) of the City's net assets are composed of capital assets, less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and they are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets are reported net of any related outstanding debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of West Jordan's Net Assets

•	Govern	nme ntal	Busine	ss-type		
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	To	otal
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Current and other assets	\$ 61,501,736	\$ 57,074,160	\$ 35,694,283	\$ 36,2 50, 227	\$ 97,1 96 ,019	\$ 93,324,387
Capital assets	279,868,086	277,746,353	98,891,203	93,886,380	378,759,289	371,632,733
Total assets	341,369,822	334,820,513	134,585,486	130,136,607	475,955,308	464,957,120
			,			
Other liabilities	6,606,536	7 ,499 ,77 2	2,41 8,47 2	1,966,511	9,025,008	9,466,283
Long-term liabilities outstanding	43,936,247	37,075,642	8,385,605	11,846,758	52,321,852	48,922,400
Total liabilities	50,542,783	44,575,414	10,804,077	13,813,269	61,346,860	58,388,683
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net			•			•
of related debt	238,532,908	248,602,336	8 8,06 7,8 07	86,017,788	326,600,715	334,620,124
Restricted	19,323,489	10,421,928	12,271,911	8,346,960	31,595,400	18,768,888
Unrestricted	32,970,642	31,220,835	23,441,691	21,958,590	56,412,333	53,179,425
Total net assets	\$290,827,039	\$ 290,245,099	\$123,781,409	\$116,323,338	\$414,608,448	\$406,568,437

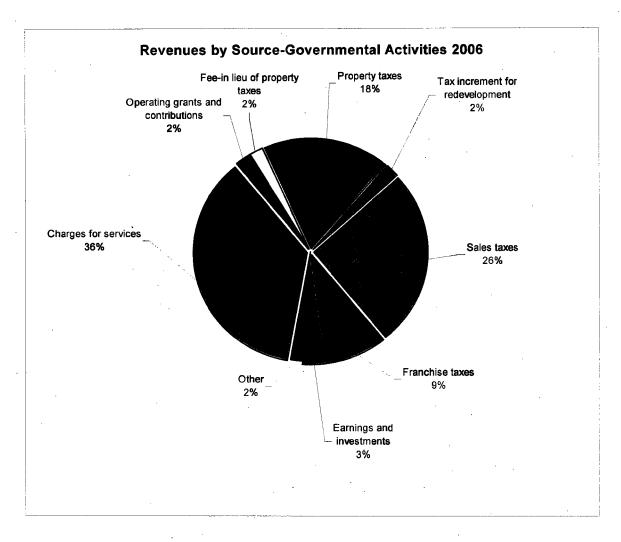
A portion of the net assets (6.4 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$56,412,333) is available to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

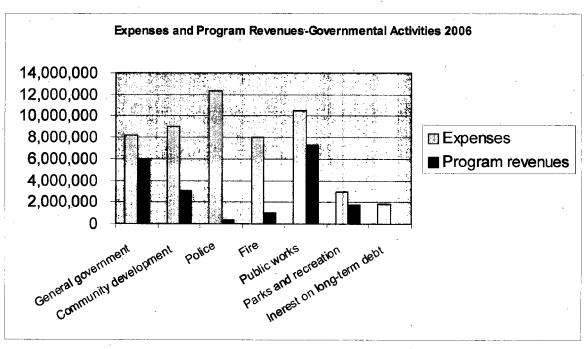
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$581,940 accounting for 7.2 percent of the total growth in net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

• Sales tax revenue increased \$1,546,793 from the prior year. This increase is attributable to favorable commercial conditions within the City and an increase in the number of retail establishments.

City of West Jordan's Changes in Net Assets

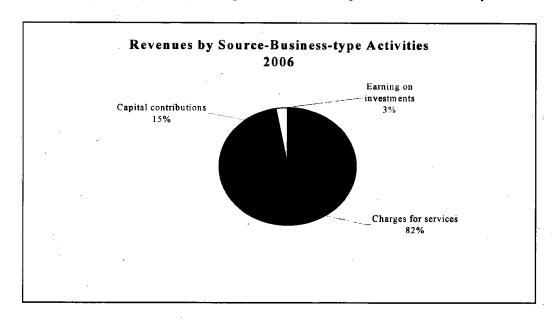
. •		mental		ess-type					
•	Activ			vities	To	tal			
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005			
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 19,445,971	\$ 9,6 99,3 92	\$ 23,067,879	\$ 22,296,746	\$ 42,513,850	\$ 31,996,138			
Operating grants and					•	·			
contributions	1,165,432	1,2 24,1 45	-	-	1,165,432	1,224,145			
Capital grants and	,			•					
contributions	-	7,634,957	4,313,979	5,102,505	4, 313,9 79	12,737,462			
General revenues:									
Property taxes	9,68 8,24 7	8,545,487	•	. -	9,688,247	8,545,487			
Sales tax	13,876,702	12,329,909	-	· •	13,876,702	12,329,909			
Other taxes	6,61 4,17 4	5,819,934	-	-	6,614,174	5,819,934			
Other	2,601,505	1,3 74,8 67	751,354	313,942	3,352,859	1,688,809			
Total revenues	53,392,031	46,62 8,6 91	28,133,212	27,713,193	81,525,243	74,341,884			
Expenses:									
General government	8,233,366	7,268,095		_	8,233,366	7,268,095			
Community development	9,00 8,307	2,162,474	_	_	9,008,307	2,162,474			
Police	12,311,174	10,792,590	-	_	12,311,174	10,792,590			
Fire	8,03 3,00 1	7,192,872	_	· <u>.</u>	8,033,001	7,192,872			
Public works	10,520,361	10,157,241		_	10,520,361	10,157,241			
Parks and recreation	2,93 5,58 0	2,217,892		_	2,935,580	2,217,892			
Interest on long-term debt	1,839,223	1,636,608	_	_	1,839,223	1,636,608			
Water	, , <u>-</u>	-	11,464,422	8,925,550	11,464,422	8,925,550			
Sewer		-	5,915,633	3,522,665	5,915,633	3,522,665			
Solid waste	-	_	3,224,165	2,449,861	3,224,165	2,449,861			
Total expenses	52,881,012	41,427,772	20,604,220	14,898,076	73,485,232	56,325,848			
Increase in net assets before									
transfers	511,019	5,200,919	7,528,992	12,815,117	8,040,011	18,016,036			
Transfers	70,921	2,9 02,8 99	(70,921)	(2,902,899)	-	-			
	, 0,,21	2,702,077	(10,741)	(2,502,077)	 .				
Increase in net assets	581,940	8,103,818	7 ,458 ,071	9,912,218	8,040,011	18,016,036			
Net assets, beginning	290,245,099	282,141,281	116,323,338	106,411,120	406,568,437	388,552,401			
Net assets, ending	\$ 290,827,039	\$ 290,245,099	\$ 123,781,409	\$ 116,323,338	\$ 414,608,448	\$ 406,568,437			

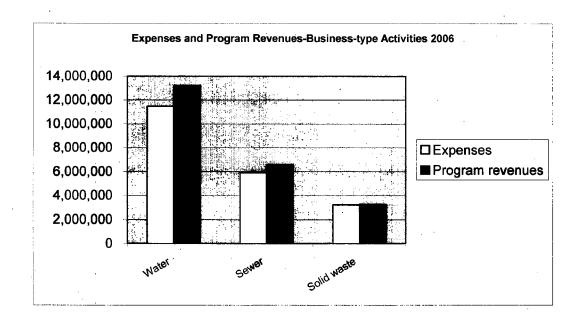




Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$7,458,071, accounting for 92.8 percent of the total growth in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows.

- The City's business-type activities received contributions in the amount of \$4,313,980. These contributions are capital assets donated to the City by developers.
- Charges for services increased by \$771,133 over the previous year. The increased number of residences caused this increase in part.
- Impact fees for business-type activities were \$5,265,130. These fees are used to fund capital projects required by new growth and development within the City.





Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of West Jordan uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of West Jordan's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$37,034,563 an increase of \$3,931,734 in comparison with prior year. Of the ending fund balance 62 percent (\$22,843,729) constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is already committed 1) to pay debt service (\$3,606,323), 2) to pay for construction funded by bond proceeds or impact fee revenues (\$4,492,415), 3) to fund the construction and improvement of class "C" roads (\$5,994,705), 4) for a variety of other purposes (\$97,391).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of West Jordan. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$6,348,594 while total fund balance reached \$12,809,256. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 18 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 36 percent of that same amount.

The City's total general fund balance experienced a \$312,880 decrease during the current fiscal year. Expenditures were approximately 11 percent less than the budgeted amount. Unreserved fund balance decreased \$1,868,981 in comparison with prior year. These funds are available to spend at the City's discretion.

The redevelopment agency fund experienced an increase in fund balance of \$795,757. Ending fund balance was \$823,830. The increase in fund balance was partially due to issuance of debt that is reported as bond proceeds in the amount of \$8,020,000.

The capital support fund has a total fund balance of \$8,035,452; of that amount \$1,476,972 is reserved for debt service.

The road capital improvement fund has a total fund balance of \$1,727,696; none of the fund balance is reserved.

The park capital improvement fund has a total fund balance of \$6,379,662; of that amount \$4,251,691 is reserved for open space acquisition funded by bond proceeds.

Proprietary funds. The City of West Jordan's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements business-type activities, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Water, Sewer, and Solid Waste funds at the end of the year were \$4,993,581, \$13,282,887, and \$5,165,223 respectively. Unrestricted net assets in the proprietary funds remained relatively unchanged from the previous year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were relatively minor (\$2,171,858 increase in appropriations) and can be briefly summarized as follows.

- \$1,068,439 increase in public works for "C" road projects.
- \$67,898 increase in police for equipment and overtime funded by grants.
- \$981,996 increase in fire; \$733,166 for a ladder truck, and \$248,830 for equipment and supplies funded by grants.
- \$53,525 increase in various minor budget adjustments.

Of this increase, \$333,981 was to be funded out of miscellaneous increases in revenues and the remaining \$1,837,877 was to be budgeted from available fund balance. During the year, however, expenditures were less than budgetary estimates and revenues were greater than budgetary estimates, resulting in only a minor decrease in fund balance.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of West Jordan's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2006 amounts to \$378,759,288 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in process, machinery and equipment, computer equipment, building, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, and infrastructure. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.9 percent (a 1 percent increase for governmental activities and a 5 percent increase for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Infrastructure and land was donated to the City by developers and became the City's responsibility to maintain. The estimated fair value of the infrastructure and land donated in the proprietary funds was \$4,313,980. Class "C" road funds are classified as capital grants and contributions but not all the funds received had been expended on capital projects at year end.
- The City spent \$13,875,404 on capital expansion throughout the City. The City completed renovation of a major park and a new police and court building. The City also completed various road, storm sewer projects, and water and sewer projects.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the basic financial statements.

City of West Jordan's Outstanding Debt

		iental			s-type ities		Total					
	2006		2005	 2006	,	2005	· •	2006		2005		
Revenue bonds	\$ 27,045,000	\$	20,915,000	\$ 7,835,000	\$	11,185,000	\$	34,880,000	\$	32,100,000		
General obligation bonds	10,110,000		10,455,000	-		-		10,110,000		10,455,000		
Tax increment notes												
payable to developers	1,466,287		1,600,690	-		-		1,466,287		1,600,690		
Other liabilities	4,316,070		4,026,528	109,382		7 8,22 9		4,425,452		4,104,757		
Capital leases	998,890		78,424	441,223		.583,529		1,440,113		661,953		
Total	\$ 43,936,247	\$	37,075,642	\$ 8,385,605	\$	11,846,758	\$	52,321,852	\$	48,922,400		

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$52,321,852 in outstanding long-term debt.

The City's total debt (including compensated absences and other long-term liabilities) increased by \$3,399,452 during the current fiscal year. The increase is mostly due to the issuance of revenue bonds in the amount of \$8,020,000. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

The City's bond rating is Aaa for its lease revenue bonds, sales tax bonds, and general obligation bonds. The City has \$10,110,000 in outstanding general obligation debt as of June 30, 2006. Utah Constitution limits general obligation debt to four percent of the market value of real property. Considering present market value, the City's debt limit is \$217,091,583.

Economic Factors and the Next Year's Budgets and Rates

During the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2006, sales tax revenue is projected to increase \$1,585,898 or 14.6% over the prior year. Jordan Landing phase V is scheduled to open during the fall of 2006. A Target and Best Buy stores will anchor this phase. During 2007 phase VI of Jordan Landing is scheduled to open adding an additional 150,000 square feet of retail office space. Phase VI will complete the Jordan Landing retail center project. Sales tax receipts are cyclical in nature over the long term for various reasons. It is projected that sales tax revenue will begin to level off and decrease over the next three to five year period due to the completion of the Jordan Landing center and competition from large new retail projects in surrounding communities.

During the first quarter of the 2007 fiscal year, receipt of development impact fee revenue (combined budget projection is \$13,518,362) is down significantly. This trend, which is expected to continue, will result in a combined revenue shortfall of over six million dollars for the fiscal year. This shortfall is attributable to a slow down in large residential projects and the build-out of Jordan Hills Villages. Furthermore, although the national housing slump has not

reached Utah, indicators are that it will within the next several months. For these reasons budgetary reductions are being implemented to both the current year capital budget and the long range capital improvement strategic plan.

The West Side Master Plan which covers 6,600 acres of undeveloped land is scheduled for completion by December 2006. Upon adoption of this plan and approval of the corresponding zoning, a pent-up interest in residential and commercial development on the City's west side should resume.

Two large industrial development projects are scheduled for completion during 2007. KraftMaid Cabinetry, a \$100 million manufacturing plant is scheduled to open in April 2007 with a projected 600 jobs. Dannon Company Inc. is proceeding with a \$15 million dollar expansion of their existing plant which will double their production capacity. There continues to be a strong interest in future industrial development on the City's west side.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of West Jordan's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 8000 South Redwood Road, West Jordan, Utah, 84088.

(This page left blank intentionally)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF WEST JORDAN Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Assets		7 ICH VILIOS	. '	Piotritics		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	24,294,295	\$	1,111,357	\$	25,405,652
Accounts receivable		469,549		1,662,140		2,131,689
Taxes receivable		13,940,844		-		13,940,844
Other receivable		8,533		50 3,166		511,699
Internal balances		803,10 0		(80 3,100)		
Intergovernmental receivable		692,338		-		692,338
Prepaid expenses		97,391		-		97,391
Inventory		74,25 0		123,971		198,221
Water stock		-		278,437		278 ,437
Investment in joint ventures		- ·		15,798,865		15,798 ,865
Unamortized bond issuance costs		358,124		212,172		570 ,296
Discount on bond issuance		59,577		-		59,577
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	•	20,7 03,7 36		16,807,275 `		37,511,011
Capital assets not being depreciated		123,164,809		487,063		123,651,872
Capital assets being depreciated (net of						
accumulated depreciation)		156,703,276		98,404,140		25 5,107,416
Total assets		341,369,822		134,585,486		475,955,308
			,		-	
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable		1,69 7,5 16		1,996,827		3,694,343
Interest payable		393,331		•		393,331
Payroll payable		895,920		32,808		928,728
Contracts payable		871,417		232,375		1,103,792
Other payables		857,569				857,569
Premium on bond issuance		269,809		· _		269,809
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:		•				,
Accounts payable		_	•	99,532		99,532
Deposits		1,620,974		56,930		1,677,904
Long-term liabilities:		, , ,				-,,
Portion due or payable within one year						
Compensated absences		1,618,217		78,367		1,696,584
Bonds payable		3,285,000		1,260,000		4,545,000
Capital leases		151,047		146,796		297,843
Contracts payable		90,000		-		90,000
Tax increment notes payable to developer		251,500		-		251,500
Portion due or payable after one year						1,5 00
Compensated absences		982,853		31,015		1,013,868
Bonds payable		33,870,000		6,575,000		40,445,000
Capital leases		847,843		2 94,427		1,142,270
Contracts payable		1,625,000	•	,,		1,625,000
Tax increment notes payable to developer		1,214,787		-		1,214,787
Total liabilities		50,542,783		10,804,077		61,346,860
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		238,532,908		8 8,067, 808		326,600,716
Restricted for:		, ,-		,,		520,000,710
Class "C" roads		5,99 4,7 05		•		5,994,705
Construction		4,492,415		-		4,492,415
Impact Fee		5,230,046		1 2,27 1,910		17,501,956
Debt service		3,606,323		,-,-,-,-		3,606,323
Unrestricted		32,970,642		23,441,691		56,412,333
Total net assets	\$	2 90,8 27,0 39	\$ _	123,781,409	\$	414,608,448

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN Statement of Activities For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006

and	Total	\$ (1,631,406)	(5,944,261)	(11,706,719)	(0,008,309)	(1.224.075)	(1,839,223)	(32,269,609)		4,546,802	2,170,288	60,548	6,777,638	(25,491,971)			9,688,247	985,063	13,876,702	4,592,073	1,037,038	2,590,595	762,264	•	33,531,982	8,040,011	406,568,437	\$ 414,608,448
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	Business-Type Activities		•	•		•	•	4		4,546,802	2,170,288	60,548	6,777,638	6,777,638			•	•	•	1	•	751,354		(70,921)	680,433	7,458,071		123,781,409
Net (F	Governmental Activities	\$ (1,631,406)	(5,944,261)	(11,706,719)	(3,255,416)	(1,224,075)	(1,839,223)	(32,269,609)		•	•	-		\$ (32,269,609)			9,688,247	985,063	13,876,702	4,592,073	1,037,038	1,839,241	762,264	70,921	32,851,549	581,940	i	\$ 290,827,039
es Capital	Grants and Contributions		•	•	1 1	•	•			2,838,145	1,475,835	•	4,313,980	\$ 4,313,980										•				**
Program Revenues Operating	Grants and Contributions	\$ 594,408	1 10	259,046	- 111,710	•	•	1,165,432		•	ļ	•		\$1,165,432				lopment agency			ies				d transfers	et assets		
Pr	Charges for Services	\$ 6,007,552	3,064,046	345,409	7.264.945	1,711,505	-	19,445,971		13,173,079	6,610,086	3,284,713	23,067,878	\$42,513,849	es:		axes	Tax increments for redevelopment agency	r a	taxes	Fee-in-lieu of property taxes	vestments			eneral revenues and transfers	Changes in net assets	nning	ng .
	Expenses	\$ 8,233,366	9,008,307	8.033.001	10,520,361	2,935,580	1,839,223	52,881,012		11,464,422	5,915,633	3,224,165	20,604,220	\$ 73,485,232	General revenues	Taxes:	Property taxes	Tax incren	Sales taxes	Franchise taxes	Fee-in-lieu	Earnings on investments	Miscellaneous	Transfers	Total gene		Net assets-beginning	Net assets-ending
	Functions/Programs Primary government:	General government	Community development	Fire	Public works	Parks and recreation	Interest on long-term debt	Total governmental activities	Business-type activities:	Water	Sewer	Solid waste	Total business-type activities:	Total City of West Jordan														

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2006

	General	Redevelopment Agency	Capital Support Fund	Road Capital Improvement Fund	Park Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets							•
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,903,105	s -	\$ 6,317,121	\$ 1,878,341	\$ 488,052	\$ 4,620,865	\$ 16,207,484
Accounts receivable	469 ,549	-	-	-	-	•	469,549
Taxes receivable	1 1,396, 994	1,465,000	1,078,775		-	75	13,940,844
Other receivable	8,533	-	•	•	-	•	8,533
Prepaid expenditures	-	-	-	-	•	97,39 1	97,391
Due from other governments	•	-	-	-	-	692,338	692,338
Due from other funds	1,452,671	-	-	-	-	-	1,452,671
Restricted assets-							
Cash and cash equivalents	8,081,636	866,294	1,476,972	689,653	6,244,066	3,345,116	20,703,737
Total assets	24,312,488	2,331,294	8,872,868	2,567,994	6,732,118	8,755,785	53,572,547
Liabilities and fund balance							
Liabilities:	227 740				348, 856	330,308	1,5 16,93 2
Accounts payable	837,768	-	- .	217 924	340,630	883	888,773
Payroll payable	670,056	1 465 000	837,415	217,834	-	313,466	10,672,441
Deferred revenue	8,056,560	1,465,000	637,413	•	-	313,400	317,874
Other psyables	317,874	-	•	622.464	3,600	245,353	871,417
Contracts payable	-	40.463		622,4 64	3,000	607,111	649,572
Due to other funds	-	42,461	-	-	. •	007,111	043,372
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	1 600 074						1,620,974
Deposits	1,620,974	1,507,461	837.415	840,298	352,456	1,497,121	16,537,984
Total liabilities	11,503,232	1,307,401	837,413	640,298	332,430		10,557,564
Fund balance:	·	•					
Reserved:		·				_	5,994,705
For class "C" roads	5,994,705	966 004	1 476 077	-	-	79 7,100	3,606,323
For debt service	465 ,957	866,294	1,476,972	-	4,251 ,691	240 ,724	4,492,415
For projects	-	-	-	-	4,231,091	97,391	97,391
For prepaid expenditures	-	(40.464)		1 707 609	2 107 071	97,391	16,720,280
Unreserved (deficit)	6,348,594	(42,464)	6,558,481	1,727,698	2,12 7,971	-	10,720,280
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor.						6 022 020	6,933,930
Capital projects funds		•	-	-	•	6,933 ,930	
Special revenue funds (deficit)				1.000.000		(810,481)	(810,481)
Total fund balances	12,809,256	823,830	8,035,453	1,727,698	6,379,662	7,258,664	37,034,563
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 24,312,488	\$ 2,331,291	\$ 8,872,868	\$ 2,567,996	\$ 6,732,118	\$ 8,755,785	\$ 53,572,546
Amounts reported for governmental activities Capital assets used in governmental activitie in the funds. Certain revenue is deferred in the governmental	s are not financial reson	urces and, therefore,	are not reported				279, 868,08 8
because it qualifies for recognition under Internal service funds are used by managem management to individual funds. The cu	ent to charge the costs	of fleet maintenance	e and risk	٠,	•		10,672,441
ere included in the governmental activitie							7,433,632
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payab are not reported in the funds			eriod and therefore				(43,936,247)
Interest payable on long-term obligations do reported in the governmental funds	es not require current i	financial resources a	nd is not	•			(393,331)
Deferred bond issuance costs and unamortize therefore are not reported in the government	•	not applicable to the	current period and				147,892
Net assets of governmental activities	•						\$ 290,827,039

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement

CITY OF WEST JORDAN Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006

Revenues	General	Redevelopment Agency	Capital Support Fund	Road Capital Improvement Fund	Park Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes	\$ 25,917,237	\$ 985,063	\$ 2,662,584	s -	•		
Licenses and permits	2,735,206	a 763,003	3 4,004,384	3 -	s -	\$ 6,951	\$ 29,571,835
Intergovernmental	3,527,851	160,000	-	-		*** ***	2,735,206
Charges for services	1,834,952	100,000	•	• .	260, 652	541,696	4,490,199
Fines and forfeitures	1,883,114	-	-	•	•	114,082	1,949,034
Interfund charges	3,846,938	-	-	-	•	•	1,883,114
Impact fees	3,040,230	•	-	2 202 428	. 420.000	2044 202	3,846,938
Interest	596,811	46,642	764.040	2,207,678	1,430,920	2,044,803	5,683,401
Miscellaneous	311,881	40,042	254,949	51,652	260, 618	320,558	1,531,230
Total revenues	40,653,990	1,191,705	240,955 3,158,488	4,555	1000100	204,873	762,264
Total levellues	40,633,990	1,191,705	3,138,488	2,263,885	1, 952 ,190	3,232,963	52,453,221
Expenditures Current:							
General government	7,942,655					•	7 0 to 5
Community Development	1,756,603	7, 077 ,119	=	•		1 100 500	7,942,655
Police .	12,006,929	7,077,119	-	-	•	1,109,690	9,943,412
Fire	7,658,183	•	-	•	•	-	12,006,929
Public works	4,959,686	-	-	-	•	•	7,658,183
Parks and recreation	1,554,333	•	-	•	· -		4,959,686
Debt service:	1,234,333	•	- .	-	•	527,975	2,082,308
Principal payments		165.000	1,700,000	440.000		510.000	
Interest and fiscal charges	•	266,915		440,000		510,000	2,815,000
Bond issuance costs	•	•	960, 000	124,675	•	498,883	1,850,473
Capital outlay:	•	214,576	-	-	-	•	214,576
Roads				0.500.400			
Storm sewer	•	. •	-	2,582,437	•		2,582,437
Parks	-	-	-	-		1,201,971	1,201,971
Parks Buildings	•	•		-	1,347,950		1,347,950
	25.020.200	2.702.610	21,357			2,459,550	2,480,907
Total expenditures	35,878,389	7,723,610	2,681,357	3,147,112	1,347,950	6,308,069	57,086,487
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	4,775 ,601	(6,531,905)	477,131	(883,227)	604,240	(3,075,106)	(4,633,266)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Issuance of bonds	•	8,020,000	_	_	_	495,000	8,515,000
Transfers in	742,338	-	2,530,000	2,208,144	778,164	1,765,130	8,023,776
Transfers out	(5,830,819)	(692,338)	(1,450,619)	2,200,177	770,104	1,703,130	(7,973,776)
	(0,000,010)	(432,330)	(1,150,51)				(1,573,770)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,088,481)	7,327,662	1,079,381	2,208,144	778,164	2,260,130	8,565,000
Net change in fund balance	(312,880)	795,757	1,556, 512	1,324,917	1,382,404	(814,976)	3,931,734
Fund balance-beginning	13,122,136	28,073	6,478,941	402,781	4,997,258	8,073,640	33,102,829
Fund balances, ending	\$ 12,809,256	\$ 823,830	\$ 8,035,453	\$ 1,727,698	\$ 6,379,662	\$ 7,258,664	\$ 37,034,563
	4 .2,000,200	- 023,030	2 0,055,455	¥ 1,121,096	9 0,377,002	¥ 7,236,004	- 11,007,000

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of West Jordan Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year Ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balance-total governmental funds		\$ 3,931,734
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated use lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital related expenditures (\$9,551,848) exceeded depreciation (\$8,308,429) in the current period.		1,243,419
Contributions of capital assets from developers are not recorded as proceeds in the fund statements.		
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balances. In the statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increased long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of the issuance of long-term debt.		
Proceeds of bond issuance	(8,515,000)	
Bond issuance costs	278,736	
Net adjustment		(8,236,264)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not	·	2,949,404
reported as revenue in the funds. Amortization of original issue premium and bond issuance costs	(14.0(0)	
Property tax accrual	(1 4,069) 60 7,28 8	
CDBG deferred revenue	23,511	
Deferred ambulance revenue	136,012	
Net adjustment -		752,742
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest expense	11,250	
Compensated absences	(368,852)	
Net adjustment	(500,052)	(357,602)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance and risk management to individual funds.		298,507
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		470,307
Change in net assets of governmental activities	;	\$581,940

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

,				Variance with
				Final Budget -
·	Dudasta	d Amounts	Actual	Positive
•		d Amounts Final		
D	Original	rınaı	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:	e 22 679 000	¢ 22.670.000	e 25.017.227	e 1120120
Taxes	\$ 23,678,998	· ,- · - ,- · -	\$ 25,917,237	
Licenses and permits	2,135,500	2,135,500	2,735,206	599, 70 6
Intergovernmental	3,086,082	3,420,063	3,527,851	107,788
Charges for services	2,537,333	2,537,333	1,834,952	(702,381)
Fines and forfeitures	1,977,570	1,977,570	1,883,114	(94,456)
Interfund charges	3,846,938	3,846,938	3,846,938	-
Interest income	160,000	1 60, 000	596,811	436,811
Miscellaneous	193,100	193,100	311,881	118,781
Total revenues	37,615,521	37,949,502	40,653,990	2,704,488
Expenditures:				
General government	9,044,707	9,098,232	7,942,655	1,155,577
Community development	1,912,214	1,912,214	1,756,603	155,611
Police	12,131,747	12,199,645	12,006,929	192,716
Fire	7,550,417	8,532,413	7,658,183	874,230
Public works	5,624,189	6,692,628	4,959,686	1,699,671
Parks and recreation	1,836,372	1,836,372	1,554,333	282,039
Total expenditures	38,099,646	40,271,504	35,878,389	4,393,116
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(484,125)	(2,322,002)	4,775,601	7,097,603
Other financing sources (uses):		•		
Transfers in	692,338	742,338	742,338	-
Transfers out	(4,242,767)	(8,184,877)	(5,830,819)	2,354,058
Total other financing sources (uses):	(3,550,429)	(7,442,539)	(5,088,481)	2,354,058
Net change in fund balance	(4,034,554)	(9,764,541)	(312,880)	9,451,661
Fund balance-beginning	13,122,136	13,122,136	13,122,136	-
Fund balance-ending	\$ 9,087,582	\$ 3,357,595	\$ 12,809,256	\$ 9,451,661

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Redevelopment Agency

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	_	Budgeted	Aı	nounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	1,178,000 \$	5	1,178,000	\$	9 85,06 3	\$	(192,937)
Intergovernmental		-		160,000		160 ,00 0		-
Interest	_			-	_	46,642		46 ,642
Total revenues	_	1,17 8,0 00	_	1,338,000	_	1,191,705		(146,295)
Expenditures:								
Community development		413 ,0 00		8,593,000		7,077,119		1,515,881
Debt service:				3,5,5,000		,,0,,,112		1,313,001
Principal payments		165,000		165,000		165,000		
Interest and fiscal charges		35,500		35,500		266,915		(231,415)
Bond Issuance Costs		-		-		214,576		(214,576)
Total expenditures	_	613,500	_	8,793,500	_	7,723,610		1,069,890
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	564,500	_	(7,455,500)	. <u>-</u>	(6,531,905)	-	923,595
Other financing uses:							•	
Bond proceeds		-		8,020,000		8,020,000		-
Transfers in		1 80,488		1,446,954		_		(1,446,954)
Transfers out		(744,988)		(2,011,454)		(692,338)		1,319,116
Total other financing uses/sources	_	(564,500)	_	7,455,500	_	7,327,662		(127,838)
Net change in fund balance	_	-	-	-		795,757	-	795,757
Fund balance-beginning		28,0 73		28,073		28,073		-
Fund balance-ending	\$_	28,073 \$	· _	28,073	\$_	823,830	\$	795,757

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

CITY OF WEST JORDAN Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2006

Assets		Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds								
Cach and can't equivalents S		Water	_	Sewer		Solid Waste				Activities- Internal
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectables): Accounts		c	•	522 477		607 000	•	1 111 267		9 09/ 011
For uncollectablea : Accounts	•	.	э	323,411	Þ	367,660	Þ	1,111,557	3	8,080,811
Accounts \$48,364 387,901 425,875 1,662,140 1.01hillide 306,004 103,156 94,006 503,166 6.	,									
Due from other funds	•	949 264		297 001		126 976		1 662 140		
Dec from other funds 123,971		•		•		•				-
Total current assets	•	300,004		103,130						-
Noncurrent assets		123 071		_		1,046,794				74.250
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents 12,112,853 4,694,422 16,807,275 212,172 12,172 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,173 212,172 212,173 212,173 278,437	Miveliany	123,771	•			 -		123,971		74,230
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 12,112,853 4,694,422 16,807,275 212,172 12,172 12,172 12,172 12,172 12,173 12,1	Total current assets	1,278,339	-	1,014,534		2,156,555		4,4 49,428		8,161,061
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 12,112,853 4,694,422 16,807,275 212,172 12,172 12,172 12,172 12,172 12,173 12,1	Noncurrent assets:									•
Bond issuance costs, net 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,172 212,173 2		12,112,853		4,694,422		_		16,807.275		_
Transment in joint ventures 12,411,318 3,387,547 15,798,865 278,437 - 278,437	• -			-		_				-
Water stock 278,437 278,437 487,063				12,411,318		3,387,547		•		-
Capital assets not being depreciated (A87,063 Capital assets (A87,063 Capital A88,067,064 Capital A88,067,064 Capital		278,437		-		-				· <u>-</u>
Capital assets being depreciated (net of accumulated depreciation) 68,779,637 28,333,176 1,291,327 98,404,140 3,209,645 Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 69,266,700 28,333,176 1,291,327 98,891,203 3,209,645 Total noncurrent assets 81,870,162 45,438,916 4,678,874 131,987,952	Capital assets not being depreciated	-		_		-		•		_
Communicated depreciation 68,779,637 28,333,176 1,291,327 98,404,140 3,209,645 Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 69,266,700 28,333,176 1,291,327 98,891,203 3,209,645 Total noncurrent assets 81,870,162 45,438,916 4,678,874 131,987,952	Capital assets being depreciated (net	·						•		
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 69,266,700 28,333,176 1,291,327 98,891,203 3,209,645 Total assets 81,870,162 45,438,916 4,678,874 131,987,952 — Total assets 83,148,501 46,453,450 6,835,429 136,437,380 11,370,706 Liabilities		68,779,637		28,333,176		1,291,327		98,404,140		3,209,645
Total noncurrent assets 81,870,162 45,438,916 4,678,874 131,987,952 Total assets 83,148,501 46,453,450 6,835,429 136,437,380 11,370,706 Total assets 82,148,501 46,453,450 6,835,429 136,437,380 11,370,706 Total assets 82,148,501 46,453,450 6,835,429 136,437,380 11,370,706 Total assets 82,148,501 893 32,808 7,147 Total assets 82,148,488 13,467 893 32,808 7,147 Total assets 83,148,501 899,532 899,5	Total capital assets (net of		•							
Total noncurrent assets 81,870,162 45,438,916 4,678,874 131,987,952 Total assets 83,148,501 46,453,450 6,835,429 136,437,380 11,370,706 Liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities Current portion, capital lease payable 1,608,378 18,730 369,718 1,996,826 180,586 Payroll payable 18,448 13,467 893 32,808 7,147 Payable from restricted assets:	accumulated depreciation)	69,266,700		28,333,176		1,291,327		98,891,203		3,209,645
Liabilities Current portion, capital lease payable Current payable Current portion, capital lease payable Current portion, capital l	Total noncurrent assets	81,870,162	•	45,438,916		4,678,874				
Current liabilities Current payable 1,608,378 18,730 369,718 1,996,826 180,586 Payroll payable 18,448 13,467 893 32,808 7,147 Payable from restricted assets: Corrent protice Current payable S6,930 -	Total assets	83,148,501	•						•	11,370,706
Current liabilities: Accounts payable 1,608,378 18,730 369,718 1,996,826 180,586 Payroll payable 18,448 13,467 893 32,808 7,147 Payable from restricted assets: Deposits 56,930 - - 56,930 - Accounts payable 99,532 - - 99,532 - Current portion, compensated absences 46,272 29,988 2,107 78,367 23,907 Current portion, capital lease payable - - 146,796 146,796 155,805 Current portion, bonds payable 1,260,000 - - 1,260,000 - Current funds 1,851,894 - - 1,851,894 - - 539,695 Total current liabilities 5,106,655 129,359 519,514 5,755,528 907,140 Long-term liabilities 5,106,655 129,359 519,514 5,755,528 907,140 Long-term liabilities - - - 294,427 294,		<u></u>	-						•	
Recounts payable 1,608,378 18,730 369,718 1,996,826 180,586 Payroll payable 18,448 13,467 893 32,808 7,147 Payable from restricted assets: 1,608,378 13,467 893 32,808 7,147 Payable from restricted assets: 56,930 - - 56,930 - 1,66,900 - 1,260,000 - 1,260,000 - 1,260,000 - 1,260,000 - 1,260,000 - 1,260,000 - 1,260,000 - 539,695 - 1,851,894 - - 1,851,894 - - 1,851,894 - - 539,695 - 1,851,894 - - 539,695	<u>Liabilities</u>									
Payroll payable 18,448 13,467 893 32,808 7,147	Current liabilities:							•		
Payable from restricted assets: Deposits 56,930 - - 56,930 - - 56,930 - Accounts payable 99,532 - - 99,532 - Current portion, compensated absences 46,272 29,988 2,107 78,367 23,907 Current portion, capital lease payable - 146,796 146,796 155,805 Current portion, bonds payable 1,260,000 - 1,260,000 - Contracts payable 165,201 67,174 - 232,375 - Due to other funds 1,851,894 - - 1,851,894 - Other accrued payables 5,106,655 129,359 519,514 5,755,528 907,140 Long-term liabilities -	Accounts payable	1,608,378		18,730		369,718		1,996,826		180,586
Payable from restricted assets: Deposits 56,930 - - 56,930 - - 29,532 - 29,532 - 29,532 - 29,532 - 29,532 - 29,532 - 29,532 - 29,532 - 29,532 - 29,532 - 29,532 - 29,536 - 29,536 - 29,536 - 29,536 - 29,536 - 29,536 - 29,536 - 20,000 - 20	Payroll payable	18,448		13,467		893		32,808		7,147
Accounts payable 99,532 - 99,532 - 99,532 - 23,907 Current portion, compensated absences 46,272 29,988 2,107 78,367 23,907 Current portion, capital lease payable - 146,796 146,796 155,805 Current portion, bonds payable 1,260,000 -	Payable from restricted assets:									•
Current portion, compensated absences 46,272 29,988 2,107 78,367 23,907 Current portion, capital lease payable - - 146,796 146,796 155,805 Current portion, bonds payable 1,260,000 - - 1,260,000 - Contracts payable 165,201 67,174 - 232,375 - Due to other funds 1,851,894 - - 1,851,894 - Other accrued payables - - - 1,851,894 - - Total current liabilities 5,106,655 129,359 519,514 5,755,528 907,140 Long-term liabilities 5,106,655 129,359 519,514 5,755,528 907,140 Long-term liabilities Capital lease payable - - 294,427 294,427 843,085 Bonds payable 6,575,000 - - 6,575,000 - Total long-term liabilities 6,586,248 13,606 300,588 6,900,442 860,882 <td>Deposits</td> <td>56,930</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>56,930</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Deposits	56,930		-		-		56,930		-
Current portion, compensated absences 46,272 29,988 2,107 78,367 23,907 Current portion, capital lease payable - - 146,796 146,796 155,805 Current portion, bonds payable 1,260,000 - - 1,260,000 - Contracts payable 165,201 67,174 - 232,375 - Due to other funds 1,851,894 - - 1,851,894 - Other accrued payables - - - 1,851,894 - - Total current liabilities 5,106,655 129,359 519,514 5,755,528 907,140 Long-term liabilities 5,106,655 129,359 519,514 5,755,528 907,140 Long-term liabilities Capital lease payable - - 294,427 294,427 843,085 Bonds payable 6,575,000 - - 6,575,000 - Total long-term liabilities 6,586,248 13,606 300,588 6,900,442 860,882 <td>Accounts payable</td> <td>99,532</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>99,532</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Accounts payable	99,532		-		-		99,532		-
Current portion, bonds payable 1,260,000 - - 1,260,000 - Contracts payable 165,201 67,174 - 232,375 - Due to other funds 1,851,894 - - 1,851,894 - Other accrued payables - - - - 539,695 Total current liabilities 5,106,655 129,359 519,514 5,755,528 907,140 Long-term liabilities - - - - - 539,695 Long-term liabilities - - - - 294,427 294,427 843,085 Capital lease payable - - - 294,427 294,427 843,085 Bonds payable 6,575,000 - - - 6,575,000 - Total long-term liabilities 6,586,248 13,606 300,588 6,900,442 860,882 Total liabilities 11,692,903 142,965 820,102 12,635,970 1,768,022 Net Assets Invested in c	Current portion, compensated absences	46 ,27 2		29, 988		2,107				23,907
Contracts payable 165,201 67,174 232,375 - Due to other funds 1,851,894 - - 1,851,894 - Other accrued payables - - - - 539,695 Total current liabilities 5,106,655 129,359 519,514 5,755,528 907,140 Long-term liabilities - - - - - 907,140 Long-term liabilities - - - - - 17,797 Capital lease payable - - - 294,427 294,427 843,085 Bonds payable 6,575,000 - - - 6,575,000 - Total long-term liabilities 6,586,248 13,606 300,588 6,900,442 860,882 Total liabilities 11,692,903 142,965 820,102 12,655,970 1,768,022 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: -	Current portion, capital lease payable	-		-		146,796		146,796		155,805
Due to other funds 1,851,894 - - 1,851,894 - - 539,695 Total current liabilities 5,106,655 129,359 519,514 5,755,528 907,140 Long-term liabilities - Compensated absences 11,248 13,606 6,161 31,015 17,797 Capital lease payable - - 294,427 294,427 843,085 Bonds payable 6,575,000 - - 6,575,000 - Total long-term liabilities 6,586,248 13,606 300,588 6,900,442 860,882 Total liabilities 11,692,903 142,965 820,102 12,655,970 1,768,022 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Debt service 360,754 - - 360,754 - - 360,754 -	Current portion, bonds payable	1,260,000		-		-		1,260,000		
Other accrued payables - - - 539,695 Total current liabilities 5,106,655 129,359 519,514 5,755,528 907,140 Long-term liabilities - Compensated absences 11,248 13,606 6,161 31,015 17,797 Capital lease payable - - 294,427 294,427 843,085 Bonds payable 6,575,000 - - 6,575,000 - Total long-term liabilities 6,586,248 13,606 300,588 6,900,442 860,882 Total liabilities 11,692,903 142,965 820,102 12,655,970 1,768,022 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Debt service 360,754 - - 360,754 - - 360,754 - Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282	Contracts payable	165,201		67,1 7 4		-		232,375		-
Total current liabilities 5,106,655 129,359 519,514 5,755,528 907,140 Long-term liabilities -	Due to other funds	1,851,894		-		-		1,851,894		_
Long-term liabilities - Compensated absences 11,248 13,606 6,161 31,015 17,797 Capital lease payable - - 294,427 294,427 843,085 Bonds payable 6,575,000 - - 6,575,000 - Total long-term liabilities 6,586,248 13,606 300,588 6,900,442 860,882 Total liabilities 11,692,903 142,965 820,102 12,655,970 1,768,022 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Debt service 360,754 - - 360,754 - Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929	Other accrued payables		-							539,695
Compensated absences 11,248 13,606 6,161 31,015 17,797 Capital lease payable - - 294,427 294,427 843,085 Bonds payable 6,575,000 - - 6,575,000 - Total long-term liabilities 6,586,248 13,606 300,588 6,900,442 860,882 Total liabilities 11,692,903 142,965 820,102 12,655,970 1,768,022 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: 2 Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Debt service 360,754 - - 360,754 - Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929	Total current liabilities	5,106,655	-	129,359		519,514		5,755,528		907,140
Compensated absences 11,248 13,606 6,161 31,015 17,797 Capital lease payable - - 294,427 294,427 843,085 Bonds payable 6,575,000 - - 6,575,000 - Total long-term liabilities 6,586,248 13,606 300,588 6,900,442 860,882 Total liabilities 11,692,903 142,965 820,102 12,655,970 1,768,022 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: 2 Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Debt service 360,754 - - 360,754 - Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929	Long-term liabilities -									
Capital lease payable - - 294,427 294,427 843,085 Bonds payable 6,575,000 - - - 6,575,000 - Total long-term liabilities 6,586,248 13,606 300,588 6,900,442 860,882 Total liabilities 11,692,903 142,965 820,102 12,655,970 1,768,022 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, 11,692,903 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: 2 20,757,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Debt service 360,754 - - 360,754 - Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929	- ·	11 248		13 606		6 161		31.015		17 797
Bonds payable 6,575,000 - - 6,575,000 - Total long-term liabilities 6,586,248 13,606 300,588 6,900,442 860,882 Total liabilities 11,692,903 142,965 820,102 12,655,970 1,768,022 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Debt service 360,754 - - 360,754 - Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929		11,270		15,000						
Total long-term liabilities 6,586,248 13,606 300,588 6,900,442 860,882 Total liabilities 11,692,903 142,965 820,102 12,655,970 1,768,022 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 Debt service 360,754 - 360,754 Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929		6 575 000		-		294,421				643,063
Total liabilities 11,692,903 142,965 820,102 12,655,970 1,768,022 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Debt service 360,754 - - 360,754 - Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929			-	12 606		200 499				960 993
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Debt service 360,754 - - 360,754 - Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929	•		-							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 Debt service 360,754 - 360,754 Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929	10tal habilities	11,092,903	-	142,903		620,102		12,033,970		1,700,022
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 Debt service 360,754 - 360,754 Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929	Net Assets									
net of related debt 58,884,528 28,333,176 850,104 88,067,808 2,210,755 Restricted for: Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Debt service 360,754 - - 360,754 - Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929										
Restricted for: Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Debt service 360,754 - - 360,754 Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929	• • •	58 884 579		28 333-176		850 104		88 067 909		2 210 755
Construction 7,577,489 4,694,422 - 12,271,911 - Debt service 360,754 - - - 360,754 - Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929		20,007,220		20,000,170		650,104		00,007,000		د د ۱ د د دومه
Debt service 360,754 - - 360,754 - Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929		7 577 480		4 694 422		=		12 271 011		=
Unrestricted 4,993,581 13,282,887 5,165,223 23,441,691 7,391,929	•			7,077,722		-				- -
				13 282 887		5 165 222				7 301 020
			2		٠,		, c		2	

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006

•		Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds					
	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	Total Business- type Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds		
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 10,078,410	\$ 4,439,627	\$3,239,427	\$ 17,757,464	\$ 2,824,789		
Operating expenses:				•			
Sources of supply	5,436,242	_		5,436,242			
Depreciation	1,805,815	752,333	164,841	2,722,989	880,117		
Salaries and benefits	992,054	728,814	57,523	1,778,391	510,323		
Contracted services	J)2,034	2,8 09	1,691,707	1,694,516	- دغرورا د		
Sewage treatment		2,269,902	1,031,707	2,269,902	_		
Fleet lease	102,146	166,138	28, 995		-		
Utilities and telephone	-		20,773	297,279	-		
<u>=</u>	332,308	3,894	-	336,202	450.600		
Professional and technical	53,157	34,482	406.105	87,639	452,628		
Interfund charges	1,739,913	1,083,541	406,195	3,229,649	-		
Garbage cans	=	•	246 ,160	246,160	-		
Landfill	·	-	482, 306	482,306	-		
Supplies and maintenance	637,659	106,833	130,308	874,800	1,038,812		
Total operating expenses	11,099,294	5,148,746	3,208,035	19,456,075	2,881,880		
Operating income	(1,020,884)	(709,119)	31,392	(1,698,611)	(57,091)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Equity in income (loss)							
of joint ventures		(766,887)	45,286	(721,601)	-		
Impact fees	3,094,670	2,170,460	.5,200	5,265,130	_		
Interest earnings	490,247	200,078	61,029	751,354	274,740		
Interest expense	(365,128)	200,070	(16,131)	(381,259)	(2,661)		
Intergovernmental revenue	(505,120)		(10,131)	(361,237)	(2,001)		
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment	_	_		-	- 		
Total nonoperating		 			62,598		
	2 210 700	1 (02 (51	. 00.104	4.012.624	224 (77		
revenues (expense)	3,219,789	1,603,651	90,184	4,913,624	334,677		
Income before operating transfers	a 100 005	004 500					
and contributions	2,198,905	894,532	121, 576	3,215,013	277,586		
Contributions from developers	2,838,145	1,475,835	-	4,313,980	-		
Transfers in	-	-	•	. •	20,921		
Transfers out	(19,146)	(51,775)		(70,921)			
Change in net assets	5,017,904	2,318,592	121,576	7,458,072	298,507		
Net assets, beginning	66,437,694	43 ,99 1,89 3	5 902 751	116 202 220	0 204 177		
Net assets, ending	\$ 71,455,598	\$ 46,310,485	\$\frac{5,893,751}{6,015,327}	\$\frac{116,323,338}{123,781,410}	9,304,177		
Tior assets, chang	w/1,400,076	w 1 0,310,4 6 3	 ∪,∪13,3∠/	\$ 123,781,410	\$ 9,60 2,68 4		

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006

		Governmental			
	Water	Business-type Sewer	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Total Business-type Activities	Activities Internal Service Funds
Increase in cash and cash equivalents:					
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash received from quasi-external transactions Cash payments for goods/services Cash payments for quasi-external transactions Cash payments to employees	\$ 9,797,418 - (7,523,736) (102,146) (1,001,085)	\$ 4,482,970 - (3,858,967) (166,138) (742,409)	\$ 3,230,898 - (2,800,808) (28,995) (54,791)	\$ 17,511,286 - (14,183,511) (297,279) (1,798,285)	\$ 2,824,789 (1,435,064) (521,354)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,170,451	(284,544)	346,304	1,232,211	868,371
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Intergovernmental revenue received Transfers in Transfers out	- - (19,146)	(51,775)	<u>.</u>	- (70, 921)	20,921
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(19,146)	(51,775)	· <u>-</u>	(70,921)	20,921
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal payments - bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds Proceeds from capital leases Bond issue costs paid	(3,208,867) - (3,350,000) (335,879)	(204,965)	- - - -	(3,413,832) - (3,350,000) (335,879)	(1,789,820) 93,988 - - 1,107,807
Payments on capital leases Interest paid on capital leases Impact fees collected	3,094,670	2,170,460	(142,306) (16,131)	(142,306) (16,131) 5,265,130	(187,341) (2,661)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(3,800,076)	1,965,495	(158,437)	(1,993,018)	(778,027)
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment in SVWRF Purchase of water stock Interfund loans Interest on investments	- - 2,663,394 490,247	(1,013,417) - - 200,078	- (1,048,794) 61,029	(1,013,417) - 1,614,600 - 751,354	- - 274, 74 0
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	3,153,641	(813,339)	(987,765)	1,352,537	274,740
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	504,870	815,837	(799,898)	520, 809	386,005
Beginning cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	11,607,983	4,402,062	1,387,778	17,397,823	7,700,806
Ending cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 12,112,853	\$ 5,217,899	\$ 587,880	\$ 17,918,632	\$ 8,086,811

Statement continued on next page

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows (cont) For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006

		Business-type Activities							
		Water Se		Sewer	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		Total Business-type Activities	Activities Internal Service Funds	
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities									
Contributions of capital assets from developers	\$	2,838,145	\$	1,475,835		-	\$ 2,838,145	\$	- .
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:									
Operating income	\$	(1,020,884)	\$	(709,119)	\$	31,392	\$ (1,698,611)	\$	(57,091)
Adjustments to operating income:		<i>:</i>							
Depreciation		1, 80 5,81 5		752,333		1 64,841	2,722,989		880,1 17
Change in assets and liabilities:									
Accounts receivable		(346,895)		13,302		(33,104)	(366,697)		· -
Unbilled receivables		66,426		30,042		24,575	121,043		-
Inventory		(29,626)		· ·		-	(29,626)		(7,513)
Accounts payable		88 1,639		(284,237)		155, 868	753 ,270		47,882
Payroll payable		(27,302)		(21,944)		(1,801)	(51,047)		(1 6,72 0)
Other accrued payables		(176,470)		(73,270)		•	(249, 740)		1 6,00 6
Compensated absences		18,271		8,349		4,533	31, 153		5,690
Customer deposits		(523)		-		-	(523)		
Total adjustments to operating income		2,191,335		424,575		314,912	2,930,822		925,462
Net cash provided by									
operating activities		1,170,451	\$	(284,544)	\$	346,304	\$ 1,232,211	\$	868,371

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTE 1

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of West Jordan, Utah (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

A. The Reporting Entity

The City, incorporated in 1941, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. The reporting entity consists of the primary government and component units. Component units are entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The West Jordan Redevelopment Agency and the West Jordan Municipal Building Authority are included as blended component units. The Redevelopment Agency was legally created as authorized by the Utah Neighborhood Development Act. The City Council is designated by ordinance as the governing body of the Agency. Therefore, the Agency is part of the reporting entity and is reported as a Special Revenue Fund. The Municipal Building Authority (MBA) is also a separate legal entity and is reported as a Capital Projects Fund. The MBA was established to finance and construct municipal buildings that are then leased to the City. The City Council serves as the board of trustees for the MBA and therefore the MBA is reported as if it were part of the primary government. Separate financial statements are not issued for either of these component units. The City has no discretely presented component units.

B. Basic Financial Statements - Government-wide Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities are government-wide and include the financial activities of the primary government. Assets and liabilities are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net assets are reported in three parts — invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The City first utilizes

restricted resources to finance qualifying activities. The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City as of the end of the fiscal year.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function are offset by related program revenues. Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers for goods or services, operating grants, and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. All tax revenue, internally dedicated resources, and impact fees are classified as general revenues. The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenues.

The City does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements present financial information in more detail. These statements focus on the major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are presented in separate columns while nonmajor funds are aggregated and then presented in a single column.

The financial structure of the City has been organized on the basis of individual funds. Each fund is a self-balancing set of accounts consisting of its assets, liabilities, fund balance or retained earnings, revenue and expenditures or expenses. Detail accounting records are maintained for each individual fund; however, to provide maximum interest earnings on all idle funds of the City, all cash of the City is pooled for investment purposes. Interest earnings are allocated based upon a percentage method using the month-end cash balances of the individual funds. The various funds are summarized by type in the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Administrative services rendered to other funds are charged to such funds and are shown as charges for services.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources legally restricted to expenditures for specified current operating purposes and for the enforcement of special services and activities.

Capital Projects Funds - The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of the major capital facilities of the City other than those financed by the proprietary funds.

The following five funds are presented as major funds in the financial statements; (1) the General Fund, (2) Redevelopment Agency Fund, a special revenue fund that accounts for projects in the City intended to stimulate and maintain economic growth, (3) Capital Support Fund, a capital project fund used to account for the construction of buildings and other improvements (4) Road Capital Improvement Fund, a capital project fund used to account for major road projects, and (5) Park Capital Improvement Fund, a capital project fund used to account for major park projects.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon the determination of net income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The City's proprietary funds consist of:

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The existing enterprise funds account for construction; operation; maintenance; related debt; and property, plant and equipment within each fund. The City-owned utilities; water, sewer, and solid waste are presented as major funds.

Internal Service Funds - Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City maintains internal service funds for fleet management and insurance/claims.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. The proprietary fund statements distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues are charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of services as well as materials, contracts, personnel,

and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The City records utility revenues billed to its customers on a monthly basis. Unbilled services have been estimated and recorded as revenue and accounts receivable at June 30, 2006. The accounts receivable for these revenues are reported net of the allowance for doubtful accounts (\$10,000 at June 30, 2006).

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, inter-governmental revenues, and interest earned in the current period are accrued and reported as revenue. All other revenues are not subject to accrual because they are either not available soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period or are not measurable. Expenditures are recorded when fund liabilities are incurred. Exceptions to this rule are (a) principal and interest on long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due and (b) compensated absences are recorded as a liability only when payment is due. Fund liabilities and expenditures are recorded for compensated absence amounts when employment is terminated.

The City applies to both government-wide and proprietary funds statements all GASB pronouncements and FASB statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with a GASB pronouncement. Although the City has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the City has chosen not to do so.

The effect of interfund activity has generally been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The exception to this rule is charges between the general fund and the water, sewer, and solid waste functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions in the statement of activities.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life of at least three years. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value as of the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the governmental funds and capital assets of the proprietary funds. All City infrastructure has been capitalized. Infrastructure includes all transportation corridors as we as storm sewer systems.

All capital assets are depreciated using the straightline basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets
Years

Buildings

45

Building Improvements	15		
Computer Equipment	3		•
Machinery and equipment	5-15		
Vehicles	5-15		
Improvements other than Buildings	20		
Roads	30		
Sidewalk	45		
Storm sewer	45		
Water and sewer systems	50	•	
•			

F. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with an original maturity date of less than 90 days. Investments are stated at their fair value or amortized cost at June 30, 2006.

G. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted to their use. Impact fees are restricted within the capital projects, water, and sewer funds. Also, cash and investments are held by trustees for the debt service payments on bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

H. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost that approximates market using the first-in first-out method (FIFO). Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets.

I. Prepaid expenditures

Prepaid expenditures in the special revenues fund consist of expenditures relating to the Western Stampede Rodeo. As these expenditures are paid by the City between January 1, 2006 through June 30, 2006, that relate to the next fiscal year rodeo, the City records these items as prepayments. Prepaid expenditures are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, indicating that they do not constitute available expendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets. However, in the government-wide statements, these amounts are reported as prepaid expenses.

J. Investments in Joint Ventures

The City has an investment in the South Valley Water Reclamation Facility (SVWRF), a joint venture. The City's 28.22 percent-owned joint venture, is accounted for by the equity method. The City's equity interest means that the City has an explicit, measurable right to the net present or future resources of the joint venture. Under the equity method, the Sewer Fund (Enterprise Fund) records its share of the joint venture's net income or loss for each period. The City also includes its share of advances for capital improvements in this investment. SVWRF is governed by its board of directors. The City appoints one of the SVWRF's five directors. This joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the City's financial report as a component unit because the City does not exercise administrative control. The complete financial statements for the SVWRF for the year ended December 31, 2005 can be obtained from SVWRF management at 7495 South 1300 West, West Jordan, Utah 84084.

The investment in Trans-Jordan Cities Landfill, a 26.15 percent-owned joint venture, is accounted for by the equity method. The City's equity interest represents its explicit, measurable right to the net present or future resources of the joint ventures. Under this method, the Solid Waste Fund (Enterprise Fund) records its share of the joint venture's net income or loss for each period. This joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the City's financial reports as a component unit because the City does not exercise administrative control. The complete financial statements for the Trans-Jordan Landfill for the year ended June 30, 2006 can be obtained from the Trans-Jordan Landfill at 10873 South 7200 West, South Jordan, Utah 84095.

K. Compensated absences

Vacation is earned on a biweekly basis in varying amounts as determined by an employee's years of service. Proprietary funds recognize an expense for all accrued vacation amounts when the vacation is earned. Governmental funds report an expenditure when vacation is paid or at termination. Comp-time is earned by non-exempt employees and is treated similarly to vacation. Non-exempt employees can earn a maximum of 80 hours of comp-time annually.

Employees also accumulate sick leave on a biweekly basis. Each year employees are eligible to be paid out 25% of their current year accrued, unused sick leave. Governmental funds report an expenditure when the sick leave is paid. Proprietary funds recognize 25% of the current year accrued, unused sick leave at the end of the fiscal year.

The noncurrent portion of these amounts for government funds is recognized within the government-wide statements and will appear as a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide statements and the fund statements. The liability for compensated absences in the governmental funds is typically liquidated through the general fund.

L. Bond Issuance Costs

Bond issuance costs are amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method.

M. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue is reported when asset recognition occurs before the revenue is available. Property taxes are collected by the Salt Lake County Treasurer and remitted to the City shortly after collection. Taxes are due and payable on November 1 and are delinquent after November 30 of each year. These property taxes have been reported as deferred revenue in governmental funds.

N. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has transactions between funds to distribute administrative costs and construct assets. These transactions are generally reflected as "transfers". In addition, loans have been made between funds and are reflected as "due to, due from" on the respective funds' balance sheets.

O. Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is reported on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is reported in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, matching requirements and expenditure requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from a nonexchange transaction must also be available before it can be recognized.

Property taxes and special assessments are measurable and susceptible to accrual when they attach as an enforceable lien on the property. They become available when they are due. Amounts that are measurable but not available are recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 1 but are not due until November 30. Special assessments become an enforceable lien when assessed.

P. Fund Equity Reserves

Fund balance – in the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally segregated for a specific purpose.

Restricted net assets – in the government wide financial statements as well as the proprietary fund financial statements, restricted net assets are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose narrower in scope than the fund.

Q. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in the proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

R. Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

S. Budgets

Utah State Statute establishes budgetary procedures for the City. The basis of accounting applied to each fund budget is the same basis as the related fund's financial statements. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budget as amended.

In accordance with state law, all appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year. However, unexpended capital projects may be reappropriated. The following are the legal procedures followed by the City:

- (1) On or before the first regularly scheduled meeting of the City Council in May, the City Manager, authorized under state statute to be appointed Budget Officer, submits a proposed operating budget for all governmental fund types and an operating and capital budget for all proprietary fund types for the subsequent fiscal year. The budget documents are financing sources and include the proposed budget amounts requested by the department heads along with the proposed budget amounts requested by the City Manager.
- (2) A public hearing is held to receive input on all aspects of the proposed budget. The hearing is preceded by a notice in the local newspaper. The notice is given at least seven days before the hearing and includes the time, date and place of the hearing. All budget documents are required to be available for public inspection ten days prior to the public hearing.
- (3) On or before June 30, a final balanced budget must be adopted for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1. If a tax increase is proposed, a hearing must be held on or before August 10. At this time the final balanced budget is adopted.

- (4) The City Manager, acting as Budget Officer, has the budget authority to transfer budget appropriations between individual line items within any department of any budgetary fund.
- (5) The City Council, by resolution, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between the individual departments of any budgetary fund.
- (6) A public hearing, as required in (2) above, must be held to increase the total appropriations of any one governmental fund type; however, after the original public hearing, operating and capital budgets of proprietary fund types may be increased by resolution without an additional hearing.
- (7) The appropriate director or department head is the authorized officer charged with the responsibility of staying within the department budget and authorizing no expenditures in excess of said budget as required by the Utah Fiscal Procedures Act.
- (8) Monthly financial reports are prepared by the Director of Finance and Administrative Services and reviewed by the City Manager. They are also presented to the City Council. These reports contain a budgetary statement showing a comparison of budget to actual for all budgetary funds of the City.
- (9) Utah State law prohibits the appropriation of unrestricted General Fund balance until it exceeds the sum of 5% of the General Fund revenues. Until unreserved fund balance is greater than the above amount, it cannot be budgeted, but is used to provide working capital until tax revenue is received, meet emergency expenditures, and cover unanticipated deficits. When unreserved fund balance is greater than 18% of expected revenues, the excess must be appropriated within the following two years.
- (10) Budgets for the governmental funds are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are automatically reappropriated and reencumbered as part of the subsequent year's budget.

NOTE 2

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City's deposits and investing are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code, Title 51, Chapter 7) and rules of the State of Utah Money Management Council. Also, the City has

its own written investment policies. City funds are invested only in the following: (1) negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories (see definition of "qualified depository" included above), (2) repurchase agreements with qualified depositories or certified dealers, acting as principal for securities of the United States Treasury or other authorized investments (only if these securities are delivered to the custody of the City Treasurer or the City's safekeeping bank or are conducted with a qualified depository), (3) commercial paper which is rated P-1 by Moody's Investor Services or A-1 by Standard and Poor's, Inc. and having a remaining term to maturity of 270 days or less (commercial paper can be purchased directly from the issuer provided proper delivery and safekeeping procedures are followed with a qualified depository or the City Treasurer's safekeeping bank or trust company), (4) bankers' acceptance that are eligible for discount at a federal reserve bank and which have a remaining term to maturity of 270 days or less, (5) negotiable certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or more which have a remaining term to maturity of 365 days or less, (6) obligations of the United States Treasury including United States Treasury Bills, United States Treasury Notes, and United States Treasury Bonds, and (7) the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund which is a pooled investment fund managed by the Utah State Treasurer.

The City maintains pooled cash and investments that are available for use by all funds. The pooled interest earned is allocated to the funds based on average month-end cash and investment balances.

Cash
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund

\$ 14,745,045

48,171,618

Total <u>\$62,916,663</u>

Included in the accompanying balance sheet as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 25,405,652 Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents 37,511,011

Total <u>\$62,916,663</u>

A. Cash Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered. The Money Management Act requires deposits to be placed with a qualified depository. The Money Management Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Money Management Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

At June 30, 2006 the book value of cash on deposit was \$14,745,045 and the bank balance was \$15,166,680 with the difference being outstanding checks, and outstanding deposits. Because these funds were deposited in two separate financial institutions, \$200,000 was covered by federal

depository insurance. The remaining bank balance of \$14,966,680 was uninsured. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by State statute.

B. Investments

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of investment securities.

As of June 30, 2006, the City had the following investment and maturity:

Investment Type	 Fair Value	Investment Maturity
<u>Debt Securities</u> Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$ 48 ,171 ,6 18	70 days

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk in the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the value of an investment. The City's policy for managing its exposure to interest rate risk is to comply with the Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Money Management Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City complies with the Money Management Act as its policy for reducing exposure to investment credit risk.

The City's only investment is with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and the Fund is unrated as to credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for managing custodial credit risk.

All of the City's investments at June 30, 2006 were with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment

Fund and therefore are not categorized as to custodial credit risk. Additional information regarding the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is available in Note 3.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of a loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The City's policy for reducing the risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5-10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Money Management Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies.

All of the City's investments at June 30, 2006 were with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and therefore are not categorized as to custodial credit risk. Additional information regarding the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is available in Note 3.

Restricted Assets and Reserved Fund Equity

Assets are reported as restricted when external constraints are placed on the use of the assets and these constraints changes the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

General Fund - Developer and other deposits of \$1,620,974, Class C-Road funds of \$5,994,705, and reserves for debt service of \$465,957 totaling \$8,081,636, are shown as restricted assets to be used only for the purpose defined by contract or under legal provisions. Customer deposits of \$1,620,974 represent a liability; therefore fund balance need not be reserved.

Redevelopment Agency - Cash in the amount of \$866,294 is restricted for debt service and fund balance has been reserved in the same amount.

<u>Park Capital Improvement Fund</u> – Cash totaling \$6,244,066 is restricted for park impact fee revenues in the amount of \$1,992,375 and for construction in the amount of \$4,251,691. Fund balance is reserved for the construction amount.

<u>Building Capital Improvement Fund</u>—Cash in the amount of \$240,724 is restricted for projects and fund balance has been reserved in the same amount.

Municipal Building Authority—Cash in the amount of \$797,100 is restricted for debt service and fund balance has been reserved in the same amount.

<u>Capital Support Fund</u> - \$1,476,972 is restricted for debt service and fund balance has been reserved for the same amount.

Road Capital Improvement Fund - \$689,653 is restricted for road impact fee reserves. Fund balance has no reserve.

Storm Capital Improvement Fund - \$2,307,292 is restricted for storm water impact fee reserves. Fund balance has no reserve.

<u>Water Fund</u> - Water impact fees of \$7,557,489 are included in restricted cash. Net assets are restricted for construction in the amount of the impact fees. Cash in the amount of \$4,506,071 is also included in restricted cash because its use is limited in bond covenants. Net assets are restricted for debt service in amount of \$360,754 which is included in the cash restricted for bond covenants. The remaining amount of restricted cash is made up of customer deposits. Net assets are not restricted for customer deposits because they are included in liability amounts.

<u>Sewer Fund</u>-Sewer impact fees of \$4,694,422 are restricted for construction of capital assets. Net assets are restricted for construction in the amount of the impact fees.

NOTE 3

External Investment Pool

The Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF) is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Chapter 51-7, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended. The Act establishes the Money Management Council, which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF. The Act details the investments that are authorized which are high-grade securities and, therefore, there is very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF allocates income and issues statements on a monthly basis. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The participants' balance is their investment deposited in the PTIF plus their share of income, gains and losses, net of administration fees, which are allocated to each participant on the ratio of each participant's share to the total funds in the PTIF.

Twice a year, at June 30 and December 31, the investments are valued at fair value to enable participants to adjust their investments in this pool at fair value. The Bank of New York and the State of Utah separately determine each security's fair value in accordance with GASB 31 (i.e. for almost all pool investments the quoted market price as of June 30, 2006) and then compare those values to come up with an agreed upon fair value of the securities.

As of June 30, 2006, the City had \$48,171,618 invested in the PTIF, which had a fair value of \$48,156,203 for a loss of \$15,415. Due to the insignificance of this amount in relation to the funds affected by the unrealized loss, the fair value of the investments in this external investment pool is deemed to be the amortized cost of the investment.

The table below shows statistical information about the investment pool:

Investment Type	Investment Percentage
Corporate bonds and notes	65.46%
Money market accounts and	
Certificates of deposit	4.82%
U.S. Government securities	29.72%
	100.00%

(The Remainder of This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

NOTE 4

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					_	_		
Land	\$	121,236,042	\$	460,889	\$	- \$	•	121,696,931
Construction in progress	_	5,615,469		1,467,877	_	(5,615,468)	_	1,467,878
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	126,851,511		1,928,766	_	(5,615,468)	_	123,164,809
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Machinery and equipment		1 2,19 8,29 7		1,902,345		(583,096)		13,517,546
Computer equipment		2,018,686		147,008		-		2,165,694
Buildings and building improvements		17,685,993		7,994,745		-		25,680,738
Improvements other than buildings		16,690,342		726, 361		. -		17,416,703
Infrastructure		192,974,901		3,377,794	_	<u> </u>	_	196,352,695
Total capital assets being depreciated		241,568,219	_	14,148,253	_	(583,096)	_	255,133,376
Less accumulated depreciation for:								•
Machinery and equipment		(8,802,874)	ı	(1,105,723)		551,706		(9,356,891)
Computer equipment		(1,901,009)	l	(122,372)		-		(2,023,381)
Buildings and building improvements		(3,704,643))	(606,055)				(4,310,698)
Improvements other than buildings		(4,621,705))	(847,039)		F		(5,468,744)
Infrastructure		(71,643,146))	(5,627,241)		<u> </u>		(77,270,387)
Total accumulated depreciation		(90,673,377)		(8,308,429)	_	551,706	_	(98,430,100)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		150,894,842		5,839,824	_	(31,390)	_	156,703,276
Governmental activities capital assets, net	. s	277,746,353	_ \$	7,768,590	\$_	(5,646,858)	\$_	279,868,085

		Beginning					Ending
		Balance	Increases		Decreases		Balance
Business-type activities:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$_	437,901 \$	49,162	\$	-	\$	487,063
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	437,901	49,162		-		487,063
Capital assets, being depreciated:				. —			
Buildings		321,357	-		-		321,357
Improvements other than buildings		118,416,124	7,264,020		_		125,680,144
Machinery and equipment		1,994,007	414,651		_		2,408,658
Total capital assets being depreciated		120,731,488	7,678,671	_			128,410,159
Less accumulated depreciation for:				_			120, +10,137
Buildings		(152,344)	(7,163)		ā		(159,507)
Improvements other than buildings		(26,645,021)	(2,492,340)				(29,137,361)
Machinery and equipment		(485,644)	(223,506)				(709,150)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(27,283,009)	(2,723,010)	_	· · · · · ·	-	(30,006,019)
·			(2,720,010)	_		-	(30,000,019)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	93,448,479	4,955,661	_	-		98 ,404 ,14 0
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	93,886,380 \$	5,004,823	\$	-	. \$ <u>_</u>	98,891,203
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs Governmental activities:	s of the p	orimary government	as follows:				
General government				•	740 (20		
Police		•		\$	749,639		
Fire					535,276		
Public works (includes depreciation on general	infrastm	intima annota)			448,900		
Parks and recreation	IIIII asu t	icture assets)			5,653,703		
					920 ,911		
Total depreciation expense-governmental activiti	ies			\$	8,308,429		•
Business-type activities							•
Water		•		\$	1,805,836		
Sewer		•		•	752,333		
Solid waste		•			164,841		
Total depreciation expense-business-type activiti					2,723,010		

NOTE 5 Long-term debt

	Beginning	-		Ending	Due Within
Governmental Activities:	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Bonds payable:					
Lease revenue refunding bonds	\$ 3,3 55,0 00	\$ -	\$ (300,000)	\$ 3,055,000	\$ 315,000
Lease revenue bonds	3,155,0 00	• -	(125,000)	3,030,000	1 25,0 00
Excise tax road bonds	2,925,000	-	(440,000)	2,485,000	4 60,0 00
Sales tax revenue bonds	10,6 45,0 00	-	(1,355,000)	9, 290, 000	1,4 00,0 00
Tax increment revenue bonds-2004	835,000	-	(165,000)	670, 000	1 35,0 00
Tax increment revenue bonds-2005	-	8,020,000	-	8,020,000	-
Interim Warrants	-	495,0 00	-	495,000	495,0 00
General obligation bond	10,455,000		(345,000)	10,110,000	355,000
Total bonds payable	31,370,000	8,515,000	(2,730,000)	37,155,000	3,285,000
Other liabilities:					
Capital leases	78,4 24	1,1 07,8 07	(187,341)	998, 890	151,047
Contract payable	1,800,000	-	(85,000)	1,715,000	90,0 00
Compensated absences	2,226,528	544,8 39	(170,297)	2,601,070	982,853
Notes payable to developers	1,600,690	· •	(134,403)	1,466,287	251,500
Total other liabilities	5,705,642	1,652,646	(577,041)	6,781,247	1,475,400
Governmental activities long-term				·	
liabilities	\$ 37,075,642	\$ 10,167,646	\$ (3,307,041)	\$ 43,936,247	\$ 4,760,400
Business-type Activities:					
Water bond	8,600,000	-	(3,100,000)	5,500,000	1,000,000
Water bond - 2004	2,585,000		(250,000)	2,335,000	260,000
Total bonds payable	11,185,000	-	(3,350,000)	7,835,000	1,260,000
Other liabilities:					
Capital leases	583,529	-	(142,306)	441,223	146,796
Compensated absences	78,229	34,023	(2,870)	109,382	78,367
Total other liabilities	661,758	34,023	(145,176)	550,605	225,163
Business-type activities long-term					
liabilities	\$ 11,846,758	\$ 34,023	\$ (3,495,176)	\$ 8,385,605	\$ 1,485,163

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2006 consist of the following:

Governmental activities:

General Obligation Bonds:

The City issued 2004 general obligation bonds in the amount of \$10,920,000 to construct a justice building and for open space acquisition. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$345,000 to

\$795,000 through April of 2025; interest at 3.0 percent to 5.25 percent, repaid by the City's property tax revenue.

\$10,110,000

Tax Increment Revenue Bonds:

The City issued 2004 tax increment revenue bonds in the amount of \$1,000,000 to repay developers for improvements made in a redevelopment area. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$135,000 to \$250,000 through February 1, 2010; interest at 4.2 percent, to be repaid by taxes levied on property in one of the City's redevelopment areas.

670,000

The City issued 2005 tax increment revenue bonds in the amount of \$8,020,000 to pay for infrastructure and improvements in the redevelopment area. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$530,000 and \$865,000 through June of 2018, 4.790 percent to 5.355 percent, to be repaid by taxes levied on property in one of the City's redevelopment areas.

8,020,000

The City issued interim warrants in the amount of \$495,000 in the expectation of a bond issuance during the 2007 fiscal year. The warrants will be paid in full from the bond proceeds. The interest rate is variable.

495,000

Lease Revenue Bonds:

The City issued 1998 lease revenue bonds in the amounts of \$4,995,000 to advance refund 1992 lease revenue bonds. The bonds are due in annual principal installments of \$250,000 to \$955,000 through December 2012; Interest at 3.8 percent to 4.7 percent, secured by City Hall and to be repaid by the Municipal Building Authority.

The City issued 2001 lease revenue bonds in the amount of \$3,490,000 to construct, furnish and equip a new fire station. The bonds are due in annual principal installments of \$105,000 to \$795,000 through June 2016; Interest at 3.4 percent to 4.7 percent, secured by a fire station and related fixtures, furniture, and equipment and to be repaid by the Municipal Building Authority.

3,030,000

Excise Tax Road Bonds:

The City issued 2001 excise tax road bonds in the amount of \$4,580,000 to finance the construction of a major road. The bonds are due in annual principal installments of \$420,000 to \$540,000 through June 2011;

CITY OF WEST JORDAN	
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
JUNE 30, 2006 Interest at 3.25 percent to 4.75 percent to be repaid by "C" Road (excise tax) funds received from the State of Utah.	\$2,485,000
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds: The City issued 2001 sales tax revenue bonds in the amount of \$14,460,000 to finance improvements to infrastructure within the City. The bonds are due in annual principal installments of \$1,235,000 to	
\$1,725,000 through March 2012; Interest at 3 percent to 5.5 percent to be repaid by sales tax collections.	9,290,000
Contracts Payable: The City borrowed \$2,090,000 from HUD to finance the construction of a senior center. The contract payable is due to HUD in annual principal installments of \$65,000 to \$155,000 through August of 2019; Interest at 7.5 percent to 7.9 percent.	1,715,000
Capital Leases: The City has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a new ambulance for the fire department. The original amount of the lease was \$142,489. The terms of the lease require monthly payments of \$2,670 through January 2008, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 4.09 percent.	49,044
The City has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a new sewer vactor truck, street sweeper and fire engine. The original amount of the lease was \$1,107,807. The terms of the lease require annual payments of \$157,961 through December 2012, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 3.95 percent.	949,846
Tax Increment Notes Payable to Developers The City has entered into agreements with developers through the Redevelopment Agency to reimburse various developers for improvements made in redevelopment areas. The terms of the notes require the City to make principal payments of 75 percent of the increment money collected for the project areas. The notes are interest free.	1,466,287
	2,601,070
Compensated Absences	

Total Governmental Activities

\$43,936,247

Business-type activities:

Water Revenue Bonds:

The program revenue bonds in the amount of \$10,500,000 were issued in March 2003 to finance water system expansion and improvements throughout the City. The bonds are due in annual principal installments of \$900,000 to \$1,200,000 through June of 2013. These bonds are variable rate debt and are remarketed weekly. The interest rate is based on the market conditions the day the bonds are remarketed. The effective interest rate at year end was 3.3 percent.

\$ 5,500,000

The program revenue bonds in the amount of \$2,865,000 were issued in November 2004 to finance a radio read water meter replacement program throughout the City. The bonds are due in annual principal installments of \$250,000 to \$325,000 through June 2014. These bonds are variable rate debt and are remarketed weekly. The interest rate is based on the market conditions the day the bonds are remarketed. The effective interest rate at year end was 3.3 percent.

2,335,000

Capital Leases

The City has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of new recycling bins for automated residential pickup. The original amount of the lease was \$800,000. The terms of the lease require monthly payments of \$13,203 through August 2009, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 3.11 percent.

441,223

Compensated Absences

109,382

Total Business-type Activities

\$<u>8,385,605</u>

Over the past several years, the City defeased debt relating to the 1992 Municipal Building Authority lease revenue bonds. The defeased portion of the 1992 Municipal Building Authority lease revenue bonds was \$3,275,000 at June 30, 2006.

As of June 30, 2006, annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmental Activities-Bonds										
Year Ended	Lease revenue			Lease revenue					Excise tax			
June 30	1	Principal	_	nterest	P	rincipal	I	nterest	F	Principal	I	nter est
2007	\$	315,000	. \$	133,154	\$	125,000	\$	132,476	\$	460,000	\$	108,175
2008		325,000		118,833		135,000		127,370		475,00 0		89,7 75
2009		340,000		103,785		140,000		121,870		500,000		71,725
20 10		355,000		88,063		150,000		115,995		510,000		48,600
2011		375,000		71,450		150,000		109, 770		540,000		25,650
2012-2016		1,345,000		76 ,297		1,535,000		313,425		•		-
2017-2021				-		795,000		37,365				-
Total	\$	3,055,000	\$	591 ,582	\$	3,030,000	\$	958,271	\$	2,485,000	\$	343,925

	Governmental Activities-Bonds									
	Sale	s tax	Tax inc	rement	General obligation					
Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
2007	\$ 1,400, 000	\$ 422,375	\$ 135,000	\$ 440,083	\$ 355,000	\$ 479,850				
2008	1,480,000	369,875	940,000	434,413	370,000	468,312				
2009	1,500,000	310,675	1,01 0,00 0	390,213	3 80,0 00	455,363				
2010	1,550,000	250,675	1,085,000	341,565	395,000	441,588				
2011	1,635,000	184,800	790,000	289,315	410,000	426,775				
2012-2016	1,725,000	94,875	3,500,000	865,982	2,320,000	1,865,325				
2017-2021	•	•	1,230,000	94,425	2,930,000	1,247,788				
2022-2026	-			-	2,950,000	397,163				
Total	\$ 9,290,000	\$ 1,63 3,27 5	\$ 8,690,000	\$ 2,855,993	\$ 10,1 10,0 00	\$ 5,782,163				

	Governmental-type Activities-Contracts								Business-typ Revenue				
Year Ended		Cor	itract		Year Ended	2003 Water revenue					2004 Water revenue		
June 30]	Principal		Interest	June 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2007	\$	90,000	\$	127,805	2007	\$	1,000,000	\$	266,000	s	260 ,000	s	77,055
2008		95,000		121,167	2008		1,000,000	•	231,000	•	270,000		68,475
2009		100,000		114,128	2009		1,000,000		196,000		275,000		59,565
2010		105,000		106, 740	2010		1,100,000		161,000		285,000		50,49 0
2011		110,000		98,865	2011		1,100,000		122,500		300,000		40,995
2012-2016		625,000		358,402	2012 -201 6	•	300,000		126,000		945,000		63,030
2017-2021		590,000		95,602	2017-2021		-				-		-
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,715,000	<u>\$</u>	1,022,709	Total	\$	5,5 00,0 00	\$	1,102,500	\$	2,335,000	\$	359,610

Amortization of compensated absences, interim warrants, and the tax increment note payable to developer have not been included in the above schedules due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments.

NOTE 6

Capital leases

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the City when the terms of the lease agreement are met. The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2006:

Fiscal Year <u>Ending June 30</u>		vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
2007	\$	190,003	\$	158,437	
2008		176,652		158,437	
2009		157,691		145,234	
2010		157,691	i	-	
Thereafter		473,073		_	
Total minimum lease payments		1,156,461		462,108	
Less: Amount representing interest	_	157,571		20,885	
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	998,890	\$	441,223	
Equipment and related accumulated depreciation under capital lease are as follows:					
Cost of equipment		\$1,756,551		\$800,000	
Accumulated depreciation		\$675 ,6 55		\$80,000	
	60			400,000	

NOTE 7

Retirement Plans

Plan Description: The City contributes to the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plans administered by the Utah State Retirement Systems (USRS):

Local Government Contributory Retirement System	
Local Government Noncontributory Retirement Syste	m
Public Safety Contributory Retirement System	
Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System	
Firefighters Retirement System	

The Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System for employers without Social Security coverage, and Firefighters Retirement System which are for employers without Social Security coverage. A copy of this report may be obtained by writing to the USRS, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772. Funding Policy: The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by the statute and specified by the Board.

	Employee	·
	contribution paid	City's
	by City	Contribution
Local Governmental-Contributory	6.00%	7.08%
Local Governmental-Noncontributory	-	11.09%
Public Safety-Contributory	7.65%	15.32%
Public Safety-Noncontributory		22.32%
Firefighters System	7.65%	18.00%

CITY OF WEST JORDAN NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

System Local Governmental-Contributory	Ended June 30 2006	\$	Employee paid contributions 13,044 \$	City's contribution 15,393
	2005 2004		12,642 12,301	14,918 11,502
Local Governmental-Noncontributory	2006 2005 2004		- - -	930,306 846,830 662,289
Public Safety-Contributory	2006 2005 2004		37,139 39,095 37,420	74,374 77,679 60,263
Public Safety-Noncontributory	2006 2005 2004		- - -	949,070 8 72,05 9 681,334
Firefighters System	2006 2005 2004	٠	281,325 262,552 245,917	6,619 6,615 5,788

Contributions were equal to the required contributions.

NOTE 8

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the plan) through ICMA Retirement Corporation or through the Utah State Retirement System (USRS) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The ICMA plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in this plan is optional. The USRS plan is only available to part-time employees on a noncontributory basis. Both investment plans are managed by the plans' trustee under one of four investment options or a combination thereof. The choice of investment option(s) is made by the participants. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. These investments are within the legal provisions of the State of Utah.

Defined Contribution Money Purchase Plan The City also participates in an insured, contributory defined contribution retirement plans administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. Under the plan, the City contributes amounts from 0 percent to 24.5 percent depending on which defined contribution system each employee class belongs to. Employees are classified as follows: Management, General Employees, Police, and Fire.

An employee is vested immediately with the first contribution to ICMA Retirement Corporation. Presently, the City is under its own obligation by resolution to continue with contributions to the plans. No other federal or State laws obligate the City to participate in this plan. The program is pursuant to section 401(A) and 401(C) the Internal Revenue Service Code. Withdrawals of monies, per Federal Law are subject to a mandatory withdrawal penalty in the amount of 10% unless the employee has attained the age of 59 1/2. All of the City's full-time employees participate in the ICMA Retirement Corporation. The payroll for the employees covered by the plans was \$17,021,147. The City's total payroll for the year ended June 30, 2006 was \$21,728,690. The contribution requirement for the year ended June 30, 2006 was \$1,975,762.

NOTE 9

Segment Information

The City has issued water revenue bonds to finance certain improvements to its culinary water distribution system. Because this activity is accounted for in a separate fund and the fund is reported as a major fund in the fund financial statements, segment disclosures herein are not required.

Redevelopment Agency

Tax increment money was generated by the following project areas within the Redevelopment Agency:

Area:	8600 South 3200-3600 West	\$ 32,240
	1700 West 6600-7000 South	200,000
	7800 South 1300-1600 West	127,823
	9000 South 1300-1700 West	400,000
	Independence Square Area	225,000
	Total	\$ 985,063

During the year, the RDA expended monies in the categories below as follows:

	· ¢ 24 000
Administration Costs	\$ 34,080
Infrastructure	174,403
Development Incentive	6,8 68 ,636
Interest and Fiscal Charges	481,491
Principal	165,000
Transfer to other fund	692,338
Total	\$8,415,948

Outstanding loans to finance RDA projects as of June 30, 2006:

\$11,696,070

NOTE 10

Interfund Receivables and Payables / Transfers

Interfund receivables and payables as June 30, 2006 were as follows:

Due From	Due To	Amount
Non-major governmental	General	\$607,111
Redevelopment agency	General	42,461
Water	General	803,100
Water	Solid Waste	1,048,794

The interfund receivable/payables are related to operating funds temporarily loaned one fund to another. The general fund made a loan to a special revenue fund to cover operating expenditures and the water fund loaned to the capital improvement fund construction of a soccer complex. The interfund payables from the Redevelopment Agency are related to reimbursement agreements made to reimburse the city for infrastructure improvements and land.

Transfers In / Transfers Out

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2006 were as follows:

The purpose of the transfers is to distribute administrative costs amongst the funds or to construct assets.

				Transfers in			
Transfers Out	General Fund	Capital Support Improvements	Road Capital Improvements	Parks Capital Improvements	Non-major Governmental	Internal Service	Total
General fund Redevelopment Agency Capital suport Water Sewer Total	\$ - 692,338 - 50,000	\$ 2,530,000	\$ 1,928,389 - 279,755	\$ 567,440 - 210,724 -	\$ 804,990 - 960,140 - -	\$ - - 19,146 1,775	\$ 5,830,819 692,338 1,450,619 19,146 51,775
1 Otal	\$ 742,338	\$ 2,530,000	\$ 2,208,144	\$ 778,164	\$ 1,765,130	\$ 20,921	\$ 8,044,697

NOTE 11

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City maintains a self-insurance fund to finance its risk of loss. The self-insurance fund provides coverage up to a

maximum of \$15,000 per event for general liability and property damages. During fiscal year 1986, the City became a member of the Utah Risk Management Mutual Association (URMMA). URMMA provides general liability, automobile liability and errors and omissions coverage to its members for claims in excess of coverage provided by the self-insurance fund. The City is also self-insured for unemployment claims.

The City has purchased commercial insurance for property damage to its buildings and damage to its heavy equipment, large fire apparatuses, street sweeper, and sewer truck. The amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years. All other City vehicles are not covered for property damage. Claims information for the past two years is as follows:

•	2006	2005
Claims liability, July 1	\$ 147,324	\$325,470
Claims incurred during the year and changes in estimates	220,078	470,227
Payments on claims during the year Payments made by insurance	60,861	156,149
Coinsurance and deductible insurance payments made by the City	-0-	492,224
Claims liability, June 30,	\$ 306,541	\$ 147,324

NOTE 12

Jointly Governed Organization

The City, in conjunction with other governmental entities, jointly governs URMMA. URMMA's board is comprised of one member from each participating entity. Except for the customary fees, no participant has any obligation, entitlement or residual interest.

URMMA was formed by an interlocal agreement effective September 30, 1985, pursuant to the provisions of the Utah Interlocal Cooperation Act. The interlocal agreement has a fifty-year term. Municipalities seek membership in the Association in order to provide more comprehensive and economical risk coverage, to reduce the amount and frequency of losses, and to decrease the cost incurred in handling and litigating claims.

NOTE 13

Investment in Joint Ventures

South Valley Water Reclamation Facility

The City of West Jordan has a 28.22 percent ownership in the South Valley Water Reclamation Facility (SVWRF) that is accounted for by the equity method. SVWRF, a separate legal entity, was formed pursuant to the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act to maintain and operate regional sewage treatment facilities for the benefit of its member entities. SVWRF's membership is comprised of two municipalities and three suburban sanitary improvement districts. In addition to West Jordan, the members consist of South Valley Sewer District, Sandy Suburban Improvement district, Midvalley Improvement District, and Midvale City that have ownership interests of 34.72 percent, 20.17 percent, 10.11 percent, and 6.78 percent, respectively.

Summary financial information for the SVWRF joint venture at December 31, 2006, and for the year then ended is as follows:

Total Assets	\$70,826,061
Total Liabilities	21,686,695
Total Fund Equity	\$49,139,366
Total Revenues	\$8,156,974
Total Expenses	10,874,505
Net Loss Before Contributions	(2,717,531)
Contributions From Members	1,602,698
Changes in Net Assets	(\$1,114,833)

Trans-Jordan Cities Landfill

The City of West Jordan has a 26.15 percent ownership in the Trans Jordan Cities Landfill (Trans-Jordan) that is accounted for by the equity method. The primary purpose of the Trans-Jordan is the operation, maintenance, and control of a refuse dumping site situated east of Bingham Canyon in Salt Lake County. Residents and businesses from all member cities and Salt Lake County can use the facility by paying a tipping fee for each refuse load. Trans-Jordan is also used for the disposal of weekly garbage pickups of the cities in Trans-Jordan for which an assessment is charged. In addition to West Jordan, the Trans-Jordan is owned by the cities of Midvale, Murray, Sandy, Draper, South Jordan, and Riverton that have ownership interests of 5.92 percent, 9.32 percent, 33.20 percent, 7.25 percent, 10.25 percent, and 7.91 percent respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2006

Summary financial information for the Trans-Jordan joint venture at June 30, 2006, and for the year then ended is as follows:

Total Assets	\$19,467,748
Total Liabilities	4,208,283
Total Fund Equity	\$15,259,465
Total Revenues	\$5,700,468
Total Expenses	5,976,124
Net Income Before Contributions	(275,656)
Contributions From Members	446,871
Changes in Net Assets	\$171,215

NOTE 14

Conduit Debt

The City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2006, there were nine series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for the series could not be determined; however, their original issue amounts totaled \$56,215,000.

NOTE 15

Commitments & Contingencies

a. Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits that have arisen in the normal course of operations. It is not possible to state the ultimate liability, if any, in these matters. However, the City Attorney, after consultation with the City Council, intends to vigorously defend the City's position and is of the opinion that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the basic financial statements of the City.

b. Construction contracts

At year end, the City has open construction contracts. Work that has been completed but not yet paid for, are reflected as accounts payable and construction work in process. The uncompleted balance remaining on open contracts was approximately \$1,128,300 June 30, 2006.

c. Other Postemployment Benefits

The City provides postretirement health and dental care benefits for certain retirees and their dependents. Retired employees may convert their sick leave balance toward the monthly health and dental insurance premium. The percentage of convertible hours varies depending upon a retiree's years of service. Employees with 5 to 9 years of service are eligible to convert 40 percent of their sick leave hours; employees with 10 to 14 years of service are eligible to convert 50 percent of their sick leave hours; employees with 15 to 19 years of service are eligible to convert 60 percent of their sick leave hours; employees with 20 or more years of service are eligible to convert 70 percent of their sick leave hours. The government's regular health and dental care benefit providers underwrite the retiree's policies. As of year end, there were 10 employees receiving benefits under this program.

NOTE 16

Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

Parks and recreation expenditures in the Western Stampede Special Revenue Fund exceed appropriations by \$88,348. The City will monitor expenditures closely in the future to ensure compliance with budgetary appropriations.

NOTE 17

Deficit Fund Balance

The Western Stampede Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$23,493. The City is committed to making the Western Stampede an enjoyable event for its citizens. In order to correct the deficit fund balance in the Western Stampede fund, the City may elect to increase the transfer from the General Fund in the coming fiscal year.

The Kraftmaid Special Improvement District Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$692,186. The deficit is due to capital outlay expenditures. In the coming year, long term debt will be issued to fund the 2006 expenditures and future capital expenditures.

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Western Stampede Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities associated with the annual July 4th celebration.

Fairway Estates Special Service District - This fund is used to develop and maintain recreation areas within the Fairway Estates subdivision.

<u>Krastmaid Special Service District</u> - This fund is used to develop infrastructure and maintain grounds in the Krastmaid district.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

<u>Municipal Building Authority</u> –This fund is used to gain financing and construct facilities such as new buildings.

Storm Capital Improvement Fund-This fund is used to collect storm impact fees and construct or improve storm sewer infrastructure.

Building Capital Improvement Fund- This fund is used collect impact fees and construct new buildings for the general government.

<u>Community Development Block Grant</u>-This fund is used to account for programs funded by Community Development Block Grant funds.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonnajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2006

		Special R	Special Revenue Funds				Capital Projects Funds	st.		F
	Western Stampede	Fairway Estates	Kraftmaid SD	Total	Municipal Building Authority	Storm Capital Improvement Fund	Building Capital Improvement Fund	Community Development Block Grant	Total	Lotal Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Prepaid expenditures Due from other governments	. 97,391	\$ 3,459 75	I, 1	\$ 3,459 75 97,391	\$ 854,205	\$ 2,738,055	\$ 824,774	\$ 200,372	\$ 4,617,406 - 692,338	\$ 4,620,865 75 97,391 692,338
Restricted assets- Cash and cash equivalents	•			•	797,100	2,307,292	240,724	•	3,345,116	3,345,116
Total assets	97,391	3,534		100,925	1,651,305	5,045,347	1,065,498	892,710	8,654,860	8,755,785
Liabilities and fund balance Liabilities:			;			·.				
Accounts payable Contracts payable	21,854	945	120,874	143,673		59,511	42,511	84,613	186,635	330,308
Payroll payable Deferred revenue		1 9						883	883	883
Uncarned revenue Due to other funds	63,231	' '	571,312	63,231 607,111			, ,			63,231
Total liabilities	120,884	945	692,186	814,015		304,864	42,511	335,731	683,106	1,497,121
Fund balance: Reserved: For prepaid expenditures For debt service For projects Unreserved, undesignated (deficit)	97,391	2,589		97,391	797,100	4,740,483	240,724	- 586,979	797,100 240,724 6,933,930	97,391 797,100 240,724 6,123,449
Total fund balances	(23,493)	2,589	(692, 186)	(713,090)	1,651,305	4,740,483	1,022,987	556,979	7,971,754	7,258,664
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 97,391	\$ 3,534	S	\$ 100,925	\$ 1,651,305	\$ 5,045,347	\$ 1,065,498	\$ 892,710	\$ 8,654,860	\$ 8,755,785

CITY OF WEST JORDAN

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006

		Special	Revenuc				Capital Projects Fund	pu		
	Western Stampede	Fairway Estates	Kraftmaid SID	Total	Municipal Building Authority	Storm Capital Improvement Fund	Building Capital Improvement Fund	Community Development Block Grant	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes	\$	6,951 \$		5 6,951	S .	•	∽			\$ 6,951
Intergovernmental	- 200711		,	114 082			·	541,696	541,696	541,696
Impact fees	780,411		, ,	700,711	•	1,413,869	630.934	•	2.044.803	2.044.803
Interest		140	•	140	62,723	194,051	63,644	•	320,418	320,558
Miscellaneous	1	•			•		204,873		204,873	204,873
Total revenues	114,082	7,091	-	121,173	62,723	1,607,920	899,451	541,696	3,111,790	3,232,963
Expenditures										
Current: Community development	•	•	1.109.690	1,109,690	•	•	ı	•	•	1,109,690
Parks and recreation	199,148	6,174	•	205,322	•	•	i	322,653	322,653	527,975
Debt service: Principal payments		٠	•	•	425,000	•	•	85,000	210,000	\$10,000
Interest and fiscal charges		i,	77,496	77,496	287,339	•	•	134,048	421,387	498,883
Storm	•	•	•	•	. •	1,201,971	· ,		1,201,971	1,201,971
Buildings		. :	•				2,459,550		2,459,550	2,459,550
Total expenditures	199,148	6,174	1,187,186	1,392,508	712,339	1,201,971	2,459,550	541,701	4,915,561	6,308,069
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(85,066)	917	(1,187,186)	(1,271,335)	(649,616)	405,949	(1,560,099)	(5)	(1,803,771)	(3,075,106)
Other financing sources (uses):										
bond proceeds Transfers in	93,000	•	495,000	93,000	711,990	• •	960,140		1,672,130	1,765,130
Total other financing sources (uses)	93,000		495,000	288,000	711,990		960,140	-	1,672,130	2,260,130
Net change in fund balance	7,934	917	(692,186)	(683,335)	62,374	405,949	(566,665)	(3)	(131,641)	(814,976)
Fund balance, beginning Fund balances, ending	.(31,427) \$ (23,493)	1,672	(692,186)	\$ (713,090)	1,588,931	4,334,534 4,740,483	1,622,946	556,984 5 556,979	8,103,395 7,971,754	8,073,640 \$ 7,258,664

(This page left blank intentionally)

SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds

Western Stampede Fund

		Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted Amounts Actual	Positive
	Original Final Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 97,300 \$ 100,000 \$ 114,082 \$	14,082
Total revenues	97,300 100,000 114,082	14,082
Expenditures:		
Parks and recreation	110,800 110,800 199,148	(88,348)
Total expenditures	110,800 110,800 199,148	(88,348)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(13,500) (10,800) (85,066)	(74,266)
Other financing sources:		
Transfers in	<u>30,000</u> <u>93,000</u> <u>93,000</u>	
Total other financing sources:	30,000 93,000 93,000	•
Net change in fund balance	16,500 82,200 7,934	(74,266)
Fund balance-beginning	(31,427) (31,427) (31,427)	
Fund balance-ending	\$ <u>(14,927)</u> \$ <u>50,773</u> \$ <u>(23,493)</u> \$	(74,266)

Fairway Estates Fund

•	_							
						·		Variance with Final Budget -
	_	Budgete	d Aı	nounts	_	Actual		Positive
•	. (Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues:	_		_		•			<u> </u>
Taxes	\$	7,250	\$	7,250	\$	6,95 1	\$	(299)
Interest				_		140		140
Total revenues	_	7,250	_	7,250		7,091	•	159
Expenditures:								
Parks and recreation		7,250		7,250		6,174		1,076
Total expenditures	_	7,250	_	7,250		6,174		1,076
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_		_			917		917
						•		
Net change in fund balance		-		- .		917		917
Fund balance-beginning		1,672		1,672		1,672		-
Fund balance-ending	\$	1,672	\$_	1,672	\$	2,589	\$	917

Kraftmaid SID Fund

	•	F	Budge	eted	Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Orig	inal		Final	_	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:	•					_		
Charges for services	\$			\$_	-	\$_		\$
Total revenues	,			-	-	-		
Expenditures:								
Community Development			-		4,171,804		1,109,690	3,062,114
Debt service:								
Interest and fiscal charges				_	208,300	_	77,496	130,804
Total expenditures				-	4,380,104		1,187,186	3,192,918
Excess of revenues over expenditures				_	(4,380,104)	_	(1,187,186)	3,192,918
Other financing sources:								
Bond proceeds				_	5,1 80 ,000		495,000	(4,685,000)
Total other financing sources:				-	5,180,000		495,000	(4,685,000)
Net change in fund balance					799,896		(692,186)	(1,492,082)
Fund balance-beginning				_	<u>-</u>	_	-	<u> </u>
Fund balance-ending	\$			\$	799,896	\$	(692,186)	\$ (1,492,082)

Capital Support Fund

	_	Budget	ed A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	_	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:	_		•			
Taxes	. \$	2,662,584	\$	2,662,584 \$	2,662,584 \$	•
Interest	•	18,000		200,000	254,949	54,949
Miscellaneous	_	-			240,955	240,955
Total revenues	_	2,680,584		2,862,584	3,158,488	295,904
Expenditures:						
Current:						•
Capital outlay - buildings		482,100		32,100	21,357	10,743
Debt service:						ŕ
Principal payments		1,700,000		1,700,000	1,700,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	960,000		960,000	960,000	-
Total expenditures	_	3,142,100		2,692,100	2,681,357	10,743
Excess of (deficiency) of revenues					•	•
over (under) expenditures	_	(461,516)		170,484	477,131	306,647
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in				2,530,000	2,530,000	. · · · · · · · · · · - ·
Transfers out		(450,000)		(1,450,619)	(1,450,619)	_
Total other financing sources	_	(450,000)	,	1,079,381	1,079,381	
Net change in fund balance		(911,516)		1,249,865	1,556,512	306,647
Fund balance-beginning	_	6,478,941		6,47 8, 941	6,478,941	
Fund balance-ending	\$_	5,567,425	\$	7,728,806 \$	8,035,453 \$	306,647

Road Capital Improvement Fund

	-						Variance with
		1		•			Final Budget -
	_	Budgeted	A			Actual	Positive
		Original	_	Final	_	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Impact fees	\$	1,800,000	\$	1, 800 ,000	\$	2,207,678	•
Interest		55,000		55,000		51,652	(3,348)
Intergovernmental	_		_	_		4,555	4,555
Total revenues	_	1,855,000	-	1,855,000	_	2,263,885	408,885
Expenditures:							
Debt service:							
Principal payments		440,000		440,000		440,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		130,000		130,000		124,675	5,325
Capital Outlay:							
Roads		5,379,480		6,161,150	_	2,582,437	3,578,713
Total expenditures		5,949,480	_	6,731,150	_	3,147,112	3,584,038
Excess of (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	_	(4,094,480)	_	(4,876,150)	_	(883,227)	3,992,923
Other financing sources (uses):						· .	
Transfers in		3,488,777		5,299,228	_	2,208,144	(3,091,084)
Total other financing sources	. -	3,488,777	-	5,299,228	_	2,208,144	(3,091,084)
Net change in fund balance	_	(605,703)	-	423,078		1,324,917	901,839
Fund balance-beginning		402,781		402,781		402,781	<u> </u>
Fund balance-ending	\$_	(202,922)	\$ =	825,859	\$ <u>_</u>	1,727,698 \$	901,839

Park Capital Improvement Fund

	_	Budgeto Original	ed A	mounts Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	-	Original	•	rillai	•	Amounts		(Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$	_	\$	260,652	\$	260,652	\$. -
Impact fees	•	1,612,184	•	1,612,184	*	1,430,920	*	(181,264)
Interest		-,,				260,618		260,618
Total revenues	_	1,612,184		1,612,184		1,952,190		79,354
Expenditures:								•
Debt service:								
Principal payments		800,000		800,000		- ·		800,000
Capital Outlay:								·
Parks		796,276		6,076,356		1,347,950		4,72 8,4 06
Total expenditures	_	1,596,276		6,876,356		1,347,950		5,528,406
Excess of (deficiency) of revenues		•						·
over (under) expenditures	_	15,908		(5,264,172)	٠.	604,240		5,607,760
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-		778,164		778 ,164		. · · · -
Transfers out		-		-				-
Total other financing sources	_	-		778,164		778,164		
Net change in fund balance		15,908		(4,486,008)		1,382,404		5,86 8,4 12
Fund balance-beginning		4,997,258		4,997,258		4,997,258		-
Fund balance-ending	\$_	5,013,166	\$	511,250	\$	6,379,662	\$	5,86 8,4 12

CITY OF WEST JORDAN Municipal Building Authority

						Variance with Final Budget -
		Budgete	d A	mounts	Actual	Positive
	_	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					•	•
Interest	\$_	18,000	\$	18,000 \$	62,723 \$	44,723
Total revenues	_	18,000		18,000	62,723	44,723
Expenditures:						
Debt service:					•	
Principal payments		425,00 0		425,000	425,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	286,990		286,990	287,339	(349)
Total expenditures	_	711,990		711,990	712,339	(349)
Excess of (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	_	(693,990)		(693,990)	(649,616)	44,374
Other financing sources (uses):				•	e.	
Transfers in		711,990		711 ,99 0	711,990	-
Total other financing sources	_	711,990		711 ,9 90	711,990	
Net change in fund balance		18,000		18,000	62,374	44,374
Fund balance-beginning		1,588,931		1,58 8,9 31	1,588,931	· <u>-</u>
Fund balance-ending	\$_	1,606,931	\$	1,606,931 \$	1,651,305 \$	44,374

Storm Capital Improvement Fund

	_						•	Variance with Final Budget -
	_	Budgete	d Ar			Actual		Positive
•		Original	_	Final	_	Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Impact fees	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,413,869	\$	(86,131)
Interest	_		_		_	194,051	_	194,051
Total revenues	_	1,500,000	_	1,500,000	-	1,607,920	-	107,920
Expenditures:								
Capital Outlay:								
Storm		765,000		4,409,395		1,201,971		3,207,424
Total expenditures	_	765,000	_	4,409,395	_	1,201,971		3,207,424
Excess of (deficiency) of revenues				٠				
over (under) expenditures	_	735,000	_	(2,909,395)	_	405,949		3,315,344
04 6 ()	-							
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out	_		_					-
Total other financing sources	-	-	-	-				
Net change in fund balance		735,000		(2,909,395)		405,949		3,315,344
Fund balance-beginning		4,334,534		4,334,534		4,334,534	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balance-ending	\$_	5,069,534	\$ _	1,425,139	\$	4,740,483	\$	3,315,344

Buildings Capital Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

							Variance with Final Budget -
		Budgete	ed A	mounts	•	Actual	Positive
	_	Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			-				
Impact fees	\$	400,500	\$	400,500	\$	630,934 \$	230,434
Interest		-		-		63,644	63,644
Intergovernmental		350,000		3 50, 000			
Miscellaneous	_			204,873		204,873	-
Total revenues		750,500	-	955,373		899,451	294,078
Expenditures:							•
Debt service:		·					
Principal payments		133,400		133,400		-	133,400
Capital Outlay:				-			ŕ
Buildings		800,000		2,952,623		2,459,550	493,073
Total expenditures	-	933,400	-	3,086,023		2,459,550	626,473
Excess of (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	_	(182,900)	-	(2,130,650)		(1,560,099)	920,551
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		450,000		9 60 ,140		960,140	-
Total other financing sources	_	450,000	-	9 60, 140		960,140	_
Net change in fund balance		267,100		(1,17 0, 510)		(599,959)	570,551
Fund balance-beginning		1,622,946	_	1,622,946	_	1,622,946	
Fund balance-ending	\$_	1,890,046	\$ _	452,436	\$.	1,022,987 \$	570,551

Community Development Block Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Budgete	d A	mounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original		Final	•	Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues:	-		-		_		•	(1,0821,0)
Intergovernmental	\$	920,972	\$	931,531	\$	541 ,69 6	\$	(389,835)
Total revenues	-	920,972	_	931,531	-	541,696	-	(389,835)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community development		7 02, 272		712,831		322,653		390,178
Debt service:								
Principal payments		85, 000		8 5,000		85,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	133,700	_	133,700		134,048		(348)
Total expenditures	-	920,972	_	931,531	_	541,701		389,830
Excess of (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	_	-	_		_	(5)		
Other financing sources (uses):		,						
Transfers in		-						
Total other financing sources	-	-	_	_	_	·	-	-
Net change in fund balance				-		(5)		(5)
Fund balance-beginning		556,984	_	556,984		556 ,98 4		- · · ·
Fund balance-ending	\$_	55 6 ,984	\$ _	556,984	\$ _	556,979	\$ _	(5)

SUPPLEMENTARY INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

General Fund

These supplementary schedules are included to provide management additional information for financial analysis.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				2 222 222
Taxes	\$ 23,678,998 \$			
Licenses and permits	2,135,500	2,135,500	2,735,206	599,706
Intergovernmental	3,086,082	3,420,063	3,527,851	107,788
Charges for services	2,537,333	2,537,333	1,834,952	(70 2,38 1) (9 4,45 6)
Fines and forfeitures	1,977,570	1,977,570	1,883,114 3,846,938	(24,430)
Interfund charges	3,846,938 160,000	3,846,938 160,000	596,811	436,811
Interest income Miscellaneous	1 60,00 0	193,100	311,881	118,781
Total revenues	193,100 37,615,521	37,949,502	40,653,990	2,704,488
Expenditures:				•
General government: Mayor & city council	212,521	212,521	200,695	11,826
Boards & commissions	59,313	70,961	61,880	9,081
Court	787,144	787,144	696,077	91,067
City manager	501,736	501,736	514,134	(12,398)
Support services	213,870	213,870	211,963	1,907
Management information systems	962,975	1,003,185	897 ,201	105,984
Facilities	778,44 9	778,449	781,733	(3,284)
Human resources	3 07,7 97	307,3 97	307,584	(187)
Accounting	741,868	741,86 8	686,247	55,621
Utility billing	602,968	602,9 68	530,808	72,160
Treasury	442,923	442,923	411,434	31,489
Recorder	239,848	250,7 79	259,405	(8,6 26)
Elections	72,100	61,1 69	61,169	0
Attorney	1,814,364	1,866,431	1,548,529	317,902
Nondepartmental	1,306,831	1,256,831	773,796	483,035
Total general government	9,044,707	9,098,232	7,942,655	1,155,577
Community development:	004.846	004 965	930,669	64,196
Planning & zoning	994, 8 65 91 7,3 49	994, 865 91 7,349	825,934	91,415
Building safety	1,912,214	1,912,214	1,756,603	155,611
Total community development Police:	1,712,214	1,712,214	1,750,005	
Support services	5,128,012	5,133,012	4,899,796	233,216
Line services	6,705,576	6,768,474	6,811,724	(43,250)
Animal control	298,159	29 8.159	295,409	2,750
Total police	12,131,747	12,199,645	12,006,929	192,716
Fire	7,550,417	8,532,413	7,658,183	874,230
Public works:				
Public works administration	593,083	593,083	419,972	173,111
Engineering	2,157,088	2,157,088	2,022,152	134,936
Streets	2,276,518	2,276,518	2,200,529	75,98 9
C road projects	597,500	1,665,939	317,033	1,348,906
Total public works	5,624,189	6,692,628	4,959,686	1,732,942
Parks and recreation:				040.019
Parks	1,734,932	1,734,932	1,485,014	249,918
Cemeteries	101,440	101,440	69,319	32,121
Total parks and recreation	1,836,372	1,836,372	1,554,333	282,039
Total expenditures	38,099,646	40,271,504	35,878,389	4,393,116
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(484,125)	(2,322,002)	4,775,601	7,097,603
Other financing sources (uses):		•		
Transfers in	692,338	742,338	742,338	•
Transfers out	(4,242,767)	(8,184,877)	·	2,354,058
Total other financing sources (uses):	(3,550,429)	(7,442,539)		2,354,058
Net change in fund balance	(4,034,554)	(9,764,541)	(312,880)	9,451,661
Fund balance-beginning	13,122,136	13,122,136	13,122,136	
Fund balance-ending	\$ 9,0 87,582	\$ <u>3,357,595</u>	\$ 12,809,256	\$ <u>9,451,661</u>

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City and to other government units.

<u>Fleet Operations Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the costs of operating a maintenance facility for automotive equipment used by other City departments. A service fee is charged to the other departments monthly.

<u>Risk Management</u> - This fund is used to account for the costs of insurance premiums and claims made against the City. Monies are accumulated in this fund to pay premiums for liability and property damage insurance and other claims. The City participates in the Utah Risk Management Mutual Association for its liability and property damage insurance and is responsible for annual premiums as well as 100% of losses above the deductible in an amount equal to 20% of all net loss payments made during the previous five years on behalf of the City.

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

	Fleet Operations	Risk Management	Total
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents \$	6,671,716	\$ 1,415,095	\$ 8,0.86,811
Inventory	74,250		74,250
Total current assets	6,745,966	1,415,095	8,161,061
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:	•		
Machinery and equipment	11,172,382	-	11,172,382
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,962,737)		(7,962,737)
Total noncurrent assets	3,209,645		3,209,645
Total assets	9,955,611	1,415,095	11,370,706
Current liabilities:	,	•	
Accounts payable	101,712	78,874 .	180,586
Payroll payable	7,147	-	7,147
Compensated absences	23,907	-	23,907
Current portion capital lease payable	155,805	-	155,805
Other accrued payables	-	539,695	539,695
Total current liabilities	288,571	618,569	907,140
Non-current liabilities:			
Compensated absences	17,797	-	17,797
Capital lease payable	843,085	-	843,085
Total noncurrent liabilities	860,882	-	860,882
Total liabilities	1,149,453	618,569	1,768,022
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related deb	2,210,755	-	2,210,755
Unrestricted	6,595,403	796,526	7,391,929
Total net assets \$	8,806,158	\$ 796,526	\$ 9,602,684

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006

		Fleet Operations		Risk Management	_	Total
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services-internal	\$_	2,199,261	\$_	625,528	\$_	2,824,789
Operating expenses:						
Depreciation		880,117		•		880,117
Salaries and benefits		510,323		-		510,323
Professional and technical		3,650		448,978		45 2,6 28
Supplies and maintenance		1,038,812		· _		1,038,812
Total operating expenses	_	2,432,902	-	448,978	_	2,881,880
Operating income	_	(233,641)	_	176,550	_	(57,091)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Interest earnings	·	274,740		-		274,740
Interest expense		(2,661)		· -		(2,661)
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment		62,598		· -		62,598
Total nonoperating revenues	-	334,677	-		_	334,677
Income before transfers		101,036		176,550		277,586
Transfers in		20,921				20,921
Changes in net assets	_	121,957	•	176,550	-	298,507
Net assets, beginning		8,68 4,201		619,976		9,304,177
Net assets, ending	\$_	8,806,158	\$	796,526	\$_	9,602,684

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006

	Fleet Operations	Risk Management	Total
Increase in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from quasi-external transactions Cash payments for goods/services Cash payments to employees	\$ 2,199,261 (1,062,702) (521,354)	\$ 625,528 (372,362)	\$ 2,824,789 (1,435,064) (521,354)
Net cash provided by operating activities	615,205	253,166	868,371
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers out Transfers in	20,921	- -	20,921
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	20,921		20,921
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets Payments made on capital leases Interest paid on capital leases Proceeds from capital lease Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(1,789,820) (187,341) (2,661) 1,107,807 93,988	- - - -	(1,789,820) (187,341) (2,661) 1,107,807 93,988
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(778,027)	<u></u>	(778,027)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	274,740		274,740
Net cash provided by investing activities	274,740		274,740
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	132,839	253,166	386,005
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	6,538,877	1,161,929	7,700,806
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,671,716	\$ 1,415,095	\$ 8,086,811

Statement continued on next page

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows (cont) For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006

	_0	Fleet Operations		Risk inagement	Total	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						·
Operating income	\$	(233,641)	\$	176,550	\$	(57,091)
Adjustments to operating income:			-			
Depreciation		880,117		-		880,117
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Inventory		(7,513)		-		(7,513)
Accounts payable		(12,728)		60,610		47,882
Payroll payable		(16,720)	,	<u>.</u>		(16,720)
Other accrued payables	-	-		16,006		16,006
Compensated absences		5,690	<u></u>	<u> </u>		5,690
Total adjustments to operating income		848,846		76,616		925,462
Net cash provided by						
operating activities	\$	615,205	\$	253,166	\$	868,371

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of West Jordan's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosurers, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health:

<u>Page</u>

Financial Trends

94-99

These schedules provide trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and economic condition have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

100-106

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources: sales taxes and property taxes.

Debt Capacity

107-113

These schedules provide information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

114-115

These schedules present demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

116-120

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 44 in 2004; new information required by GASB 44 is shown prospectively

Schedule 1 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Net Assets by Component Last Four Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
	2003	2004	2005	2006				
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 234,412,518 5,695,208 33,258,754	\$ 240,135,688 7,265,197 34,740,396	\$ 248,602,336 10,421,928 31,220,835	\$ 238,532,908 19,323,489 32,970,642				
Total governmental activities net assets	273,366,480	282,141,281	290,245,099	290,827,039				
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	69,2 8 7,844 4 0 0,321 25,350,504	81,835,824 3,965,664 20,609,632	86,017,788 8,346,960 21,958,590	88,067,808 12,271,910 23,441,691				
Total business-type activities net assets	95,038,669	106,411,120	116,323,338	123,781,409				
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	303,700,362 6,095,529 58,609,258	321,971,512 11,230,861 55,350,028	334,620,124 18,768,888 53,179,425	326,600,716 31,595,399 56,412,333				
Total primary government net assets	\$ 368,405,149	\$ 388,552,401	\$ 406,568,437	\$ 414,608,448				

Schedule 2 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Changes in Net Assets Last Four Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Pexpenses			Fisc	al Year	•	
Governmental activities General government Community development Community development Police 9,100,682 9,741,809 10,792,590 12,311,174 Fire 5,629,061 7,081,016 7,192,872 8,033,001 Public works 10,211,767 11,180,441 10,157,241 11,464,422 12,5315 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 11,464,422 2,253,151 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 11,464,422 2,253,151 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 11,464,422 2,253,151 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 11,464,422 2,253,151 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 11,464,422 2,253,151 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 11,464,422 2,253,151 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 11,464,422 2,253,151 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 11,464,422 2,261,165 11,464,422 2,261,165 11,464,422 2,261,165 11,464,422 2,261,165 11,464,422 2,261,166 11,4	Fynenses	2003			2006	
General government \$ 5,114,827 \$ 4,578,769 \$ 7,268,095 \$ 8,233,366 Community development 1,851,575 2,284,598 2,162,474 9,003,07 Fire 9,100,682 9,741,809 10,792,590 12,311,174 Public works 10,211,767 11,180,441 10,157,241 10,520,361 Parks and recreation 2,207,450 2,175,055 2,217,892 2,935,580 Interest on long-term debt 1,353,890 1,257,289 1,636,608 2,839,223 Total governmental activities 8,199,704 9,837,122 8,925,550 11,464,422 Sewer 4,645,292 5,224,852 3,522,665 5,915,633 Solid waste 2,225,315 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 Total primary government expenses						
Community development		A 5 1 1 1 1 2 2 3	_	•		
Police 9,100,682 9,741,809 10,922,590 12,311,174 Fire 5,629,061 7,081,016 7,192,872 8,033,001 Public works 10,211,767 11,180,441 10,157,241 10,520,361 Parks and recreation 2,207,450 2,175,055 2,217,892 2,935,580 Interest on long-term debt 1,353,890 1.257,289 1,636,608 1,839,223 Total governmental activities 35,469,252 38,298,977 41,427,772 52,881,012 Business-type activities 8,199,704 9,837,122 8,925,550 11,464,422 Sewer 4,645,292 5,224,852 3,522,665 5,915,633 Solid waste 2,225,315 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 Total primary government expenses \$50,539,563 \$56,021,035 \$56,325,848 \$73,485,232 Program Revenues Governmental activities Charges for services General government Community development 2,022,160 3,047,506 2,129,639 3,064,046 Police 91,109 364,893 242,823 345,409 Fire 556,080 1,010,853 908,920 1,052,514 Public works 455,769 3,343,542 2,590,112 7,264,945 Public works 455,769 3,343,542 2,590,112 7,264,945 Parks and recreation 205,634 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 Operating grants and contributions 900,802 830,090 1,224,145 1,165,432 Charges for services Water 8,268,126 12,453,320 12,287,321 13,173,079 Sewer 4,405,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 Solid waste 2,611,483 3,818,828 3,421,375 3,284,713 Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions 30,819,544 5,912,065 7,634,957 Sewer 4,405,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 Solid waste 2,611,483 3,818,828 3,421,375 3,284,713 Operating grants and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total purinary government and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total purinary government texpose 19,113,487 29,012,433 27,399,251 27,381,858			, , ,	\$ 7, 268 ,095	\$ 8,2 33,3 66	
Fire 9,10,082 9,741,809 10,792,590 12,311,174 Public works 10,211,767 11,180,441 10,157,241 10,520,361 Parks and recreation 2,207,450 2,175,055 2,217,892 2,935,580 Interest on long-term debt 1,353,890 1,257,289 1,636,608 1,839,223 Total governmental activities 35,469,252 38,298,977 41,427,772 52,881,012 Business-type activities 8,199,704 9,837,122 8,925,550 11,464,422 Sewer 4,645,292 5,224,852 3,522,665 5,915,633 Solid waste 2,225,315 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 Total primary government expenses 5,50,539,563 5,60,21,035 56,325,848 573,485,232 Pogram Revenues Charges for services General government 2,022,160 3,047,506 2,129,639 3,064,046 Police 91,109 364,893 242,823 345,409 Fire 556,080 1,010,853 908,202 1,052,514 Public works <td></td> <td></td> <td>-,,</td> <td>2,162,474</td> <td>9,008,307</td>			-,,	2,162,474	9,008,307	
Public works 1,0211,767 11,180,411 1,197,241 10,233,061 Parks and recreation 2,207,450 2,175,055 2,217,892 2,935,580 Interest on long-term debt 1,353,890 1,257,289 1,636,608 1,839,223 Total governmental activities 35,469,252 38,298,977 41,427,772 52,881,012 Business-type activities 8,199,704 9,837,122 8,925,550 11,464,422 Sewer 4,645,292 5,224,852 3,522,665 5,915,633 Solid waste 2,225,315 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 Total business-type activities 15,070,311 17,722,058 14,898,076 20,664,220 Total primary government expenses \$ 50,539,563 \$ 56,021,035 \$ 56,325,848 \$ 73,485,232 Program Revenues Governmental activities \$ 1,692,327 \$ 2,074,621 \$ 2,102,427 \$ 6,007,552 Charges for services \$ 91,109 364,893 242,823 345,409 Fire 91,09 364,893 242,823 345,409 <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>,,,,,,,,</td> <td></td> <td>12,311,174</td>		-	,,,,,,,,		12,311,174	
Parks and recreation 10,217,65 21,75,055 22,172,892 2,935,580 Interest on long-term debt 1,353,890 1,257,289 1,636,608 1,839,223 Total governmental activities 35,469,252 38,298,977 41,427,772 52,881,012 Business-type activities 8,199,704 9,837,122 8,925,550 11,464,422 Sewer 4,645,292 5,224,852 3,522,665 5,915,633 Solid waste 2,225,315 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 Total primary government expenses \$50,539,563 \$56,021,035 \$56,325,848 \$73,485,232 Program Revenues Governmental activities \$1,692,327 \$2,074,621 \$2,102,427 \$6,007,552 Community development \$1,692,327 \$2,074,621 \$2,102,427 \$6,007,552 Community development \$1,692,327 \$2,074,621 \$2,102,427 \$6,007,552 Community development \$1,692,327 \$2,074,621 \$2,102,427 \$6,007,552 Parks and recreation \$2,056,801 \$1,018,833 908,9	•				8,033,001	
Interest on long-term debt		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			
Total governmental activities 35,469,252 38,298,977 41,427,772 52,881,012						
Business-type activities Water: Sewer: Sewer: Solid waste: Solid waste: Solid waste: Community development: Police: Fire: Solid works: Public			1,257,289	1,636,608	1,839,223	
Water 8,199,704 9,837,122 8,925,550 11,464,422 Sewer 4,645,292 5,224,852 3,522,665 5,915,633 Solid waste 2,225,315 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 Total business-type activities 15,070,311 17,722,058 14,898,076 20,604,220 Total primary government expenses \$50,539,563 \$56,021,035 \$56,325,848 \$73,485,232 Program Revenues Governmental activities Charges for services General government \$1,692,327 \$2,074,621 \$2,102,427 \$6,007,552 Community development 2,022,160 3,047,506 2,129,639 3,064,046 Police 91,109 364,893 242,823 345,409 Fire 556,080 1,010,853 908,920 1,052,514 Parks and recreation 205,634 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 Operating grants and contributions 30,819,544 5,912,065 7,634,957 1,165,432 Business-type activiti	Total governmental activities	35,469,252	38,298,977	41,427,772	52,881,012	
Sewer 4,645,292 (A45,292 (A55,204,852)) 8,925,550 (A42,225,315) 11,464,422 (A42,225,315) 3,522,665 (A53,325,266) 5,915,633 (A52,225,315) 3,522,665 (A53,325,246) 5,915,633 (A52,225,315) 3,224,165 (A52,225,315) 3,224,165 (A52,225,325) 3,224,165 (A52,225,225,225) 3,224,165 (A52,225,225) 3,224,165 (A52,225,225) 3,224,165 (A52,225,225,225) 3,224,165 (A52,225,225,225,225) 3,224,165 (A52,225,225,225,225) 3,224,165 (A52,225,225,225,225,225,225) 3,224,165 (A52,225,225,225,225,225,225,225,225,225,					. —	
Sewer Solid waste 4,645,292 2,225,315 5,224,852 2,660,084 3,522,665 2,915,633 5,915,633 3,224,165 Total business-type activities 15,070,311 17,722,058 14,898,076 20,604,220 Total primary government expenses \$50,539,563 \$56,021,035 \$56,325,848 \$73,485,232 Program Revenues Governmental activities Charges for services \$6,007,552 General government \$1,692,327 \$2,074,621 \$2,102,427 \$6,007,552 Community development 2,022,160 3,047,506 2,129,639 3,064,046 Police 91,109 364,893 242,823 345,409 Fire 556,080 1,010,853 908,920 1,052,514 Public works 455,769 3,434,542 2,590,112 7,264,945 Parks and recreation 205,634 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 Operating grants and contributions 900,802 830,090 1,224,145 1,165,432 Capital grants and contributions 36,743,425 19,053,380 18,558,494 20,611,403		8,199,704	9.837 122	8 925 550	11 464 400	
Solid waste 2,225,315 2,660,084 2,449,861 3,224,165 Total business-type activities 15,070,311 17,722,058 14,898,076 20,604,220 Total primary government expenses \$ 50,539,563 \$ 56,021,035 \$ 56,325,848 \$ 73,485,232 Program Revenues Governmental activities \$ 50,539,563 \$ 56,021,035 \$ 56,325,848 \$ 73,485,232 Charges for services General government \$ 1,692,327 \$ 2,074,621 \$ 2,102,427 \$ 6,007,552 Community development 2,022,160 3,047,506 2,129,639 3,064,046 Police 91,109 364,893 242,823 345,409 Fire 556,080 1,010,853 908,920 1,052,514 Public works 455,769 3,434,542 2,590,112 7,264,945 Parks and recreation 205,634 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 Operating grants and contributions 30,819,544 5,912,065 7,634,957 1,165,432 Total governmental activities 36,743,425 19,053,380						
Total business-type activities 15,070,311 17,722,058 14,898,076 20,604,220 Total primary government expenses \$ 50,539,563 \$ 56,021,035 \$ 56,325,848 \$ 73,485,232 Program Revenues Governmental activities \$ 50,539,563 \$ 56,021,035 \$ 56,325,848 \$ 73,485,232 Charges for services General government \$ 1,692,327 \$ 2,074,621 \$ 2,102,427 \$ 6,007,552 Community development \$ 2,022,160 \$ 3,047,506 \$ 2,129,639 \$ 3,064,046 Police \$ 91,109 \$ 364,893 \$ 242,823 \$ 345,409 Fire \$ 556,080 \$ 1,010,853 \$ 908,920 \$ 1,052,514 Public works \$ 455,769 \$ 3,434,542 \$ 2,990,112 \$ 7,264,945 Parks and recreation \$ 205,634 \$ 2,378,810 \$ 1,725,471 \$ 1,711,505 Operating grants and contributions \$ 30,819,544 \$ 5,912,065 \$ 7,634,957 \$ 1,654,432 Total governmental activities \$ 36,743,425 \$ 19,053,380 \$ 18,558,494 \$ 20,611,403 Business-type activities \$ 2,	Solid waste					
Total primary government expenses \$ 50,539,563 \$ 56,021,035 \$ 56,325,848 \$ 73,485,232 Program Revenues Governmental activities \$ 50,539,563 \$ 56,021,035 \$ 56,325,848 \$ 73,485,232 Charges for services Charges for services \$ 2,074,621 \$ 2,102,427 \$ 6,007,552 Community development 2,022,160 3,047,506 2,129,639 3,064,046 Police 91,109 364,893 242,823 345,409 Fire 556,080 1,010,853 908,920 1,052,514 Public works 455,769 3,434,542 2,590,112 7,264,945 Parks and recreation 205,634 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 Operating grants and contributions 900,802 830,090 1,224,145 1,165,432 Capital grants and contributions 30,819,544 5,912,065 7,634,957 - Total governmental activities 8,268,126 12,453,320 12,287,321 13,173,079 Sewer 4,045,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086	Total business-type activities					
Program Revenues Governmental activities Charges for services General government Police Police Fire S56,080 Parks and recreation Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributies Charges for services 8,268,126 Water Sewer Solid waste Operating grants and contributions Colapital grants and contributions Colapital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Charges for services Water Sewer 4,045,415 Solid waste Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Charges for services Water Sewer 4,045,415 Solid waste Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and c	Total primary government expenses					
Charges for services		\$ 30,339,303	\$ 30,021,035	\$ 56,325,848	\$ 73,485,232	
Charges for services	Program Revenues					
Charges for services General government \$ 1,692,327 \$ 2,074,621 \$ 2,102,427 \$ 6,007,552 Community development 2,022,160 3,047,506 2,129,639 3,064,046 Police 91,109 364,893 242,823 345,409 Fire 556,080 1,010,853 908,920 1,052,514 Public works 455,769 3,434,542 2,590,112 7,264,945 Parks and recreation 205,634 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 Operating grants and contributions 900,802 830,090 1,224,145 1,165,432 Capital grants and contributions 30,819,544 5,912,065 7,634,957 7 Total governmental activities 36,743,425 19,053,380 18,558,494 20,611,403 Business-type activities 8,268,126 12,453,320 12,287,321 13,173,079 Sewer 4,045,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 Solid waste 2,611,483 3,181,828 3,421,375 3,284,713 Operating grants and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td></t<>				,		
Community development 2,022,160 3,047,506 2,129,639 3,064,046 Police 91,109 364,893 242,823 345,409 Fire 556,080 1,010,853 908,920 1,052,514 Public works 455,769 3,434,542 2,590,112 7,264,945 Parks and recreation 205,634 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 Operating grants and contributions 900,802 830,090 1,224,145 1,165,432 Capital grants and contributions 30,819,544 5,912,065 7,634,957 Total governmental activities Charges for services Water 8,268,126 12,453,320 12,287,321 13,173,079 Sewer 4,045,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 Solid waste 2,611,483 3,181,828 3,421,375 3,284,713 Operating grants and contributions Capital primary government program approach program and contributions Total primary government program approach program and contributions Total primary government program approach program and contributions Total primary government program approach program and contributions Total primary government program approach program and contributions						
Community development 2,022,160 3,047,506 2,129,639 3,064,046 Police 91,109 364,893 242,823 345,409 Fire 556,080 1,010,853 908,920 1,052,514 Public works 455,769 3,434,542 2,590,112 7,264,945 Parks and recreation 205,634 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 Operating grants and contributions 900,802 830,090 1,224,145 1,165,432 Capital grants and contributions 30,819,544 5,912,065 7,634,957 - Total governmental activities 36,743,425 19,053,380 18,558,494 20,611,403 Business-type activities Charges for services Water 8,268,126 12,453,320 12,287,321 13,173,079 Sewer 4,045,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 Solid waste 2,611,483 3,181,828 3,421,375 3,284,713 Operating grants and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total prima	General government	\$ 1692327	\$ 2,074,621	£ 3.100.407	6 6005 550	
Police Fire 556,080 1,010,853 908,920 1,052,514 Public works 455,769 3,434,542 2,590,112 7,264,945 Parks and recreation 205,634 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 Operating grants and contributions 900,802 830,090 1,224,145 1,165,432 Capital grants and contributions 30,819,544 5,912,065 7,634,957 Total governmental activities 36,743,425 19,053,380 18,558,494 20,611,403 Business-type activities Charges for services Water 8,268,126 12,453,320 12,287,321 13,173,079 Sewer 4,045,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 Solid waste 2,611,483 3,181,828 3,421,375 3,284,713 Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total business-type activities 19,113,487 29,012,433 27,399,251 27,381,858	Community development				, ,,	
Fire Public works Public works Parks and recreation Parks and recreation Public works Parks and recreation Parks and recreation Public works Parks and recreation Parks and recreation Parks and recreation Public works Parks and recreation Parks and rec	Police					
Public works Parks and recreation 205,634 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions 30,819,544 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 2,378,810 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 2,378,810 2,378,810 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 2,301,202 2,314,455 2,312,415 2,314,455 2,912,065 2,612,065 2,912,433 2,287,321 2,3173,079 2,612,079 2,612,079 2,7381,858 2,	Fire	•	·	•		
Parks and recreation 205,634 2,378,810 1,725,471 1,711,505 Operating grants and contributions 900,802 830,090 1,224,145 1,165,432 Capital grants and contributions 30,819,544 5,912,065 7,634,957 Total governmental activities 36,743,425 19,053,380 18,558,494 20,611,403 Business-type activities Charges for services Water 8,268,126 12,453,320 12,287,321 13,173,079 Sewer 4,045,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 Solid waste 0,4045,415 6,544,882 3,421,375 3,284,713 Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total primary government program severage 5,55,600,000 2,012,433 27,399,251 27,381,858	:					
Operating grants and contributions 900,802 830,090 1,224,145 1,165,432 Capital grants and contributions 30,819,544 5,912,065 7,634,957 1,165,432 Total governmental activities 36,743,425 19,053,380 18,558,494 20,611,403 Business-type activities Charges for services Water 8,268,126 12,453,320 12,287,321 13,173,079 Sewer 4,045,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 Solid waste 2,611,483 3,181,828 3,421,375 3,284,713 Operating grants and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total primary government program reverses 19,113,487 29,012,433 27,399,251 27,381,858						
Capital grants and contributions 30,819,544 5,912,065 7,634,957 Total governmental activities 36,743,425 19,053,380 18,558,494 20,611,403 Business-type activities Charges for services Vater 8,268,126 12,453,320 12,287,321 13,173,079 Sewer 4,045,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 Solid waste 2,611,483 3,181,828 3,421,375 3,284,713 Operating grants and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total business-type activities 19,113,487 29,012,433 27,399,251 27,381,858		· ·				
Business-type activities Charges for services Water Sewer Solid waste Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities Dusiness-type activities 8,268,126 4,045,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 2,611,483 3,181,828 3,421,375 3,284,713 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total primary government program suggests Total primary government program suggests Capital prim	Capital grants and contributions	30,819,544	•		1,105,452	
Business-type activities Charges for services Water Sewer Solid waste Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total primary government program average of 5.54 (2012) Charges for services 8,268,126 12,453,320 12,287,321 13,173,079 4,045,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 2,611,483 3,181,828 3,421,375 3,284,713 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total primary government program average of 5.58,6000 Capital primary gover	Total governmental activities	36,743,425	19,053,380	18,558,494	20,611,403	
Charges for services Water Sewer Solid waste Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total primary government program swarps of 55 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85	Business-type activities					
Sewer 3,200,120 12,433,320 12,287,321 13,173,079 Solid waste 4,045,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 Solid waste 2,611,483 3,181,828 3,421,375 3,284,713 Capital grants and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total business-type activities 19,113,487 29,012,433 27,399,251 27,381,858	= =		•			
Sewer 4,045,415 6,544,882 6,588,050 6,610,086 Solid waste 2,611,483 3,181,828 3,421,375 3,284,713 Operating grants and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total business-type activities 19,113,487 29,012,433 27,399,251 27,381,858	Water	8 268 126	12 453 220	10 007 201	10 150 050	
Solid waste 2,611,483 3,181,828 3,328,713 Operating grants and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total business-type activities 19,113,487 29,012,433 27,399,251 27,381,858	Sewer					
Operating grants and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total business-type activities 19,113,487 29,012,433 27,399,251 27,381,858	Solid waste			•		
Capital grants and contributions 4,188,463 6,832,403 5,102,505 4,313,980 Total business-type activities 19,113,487 29,012,433 27,399,251 27,381,858	Operating grants and contributions	_,011,105	3,101,020	3,421,3/3	3,284,/13	
Total business-type activities 19,113,487 29,012,433 27,399,251 27,381,858	Capital grants and contributions	4,188,463	6,832,403	5,102,505	4,313,980	
Total primary government program revenues	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19,113,487	29,012,433			
	Total primary government program revenues	\$ 55,856,912	\$ 48 ,065 ,8 13	\$ 45,957,745		

Schedule 2 CITY OF WEST JORDAN

Changes in Net Assets (continued)

Last Four Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2006 2005 2004 2003 Net (Expense)/Revenue \$ (32,269,609) \$(22,869,278) \$ (19,245,597) 1,274,173 Governmental activities 6,777,638 12,501,175 11,290,375 4,043,176 Business-type activities \$ (25,491,971) \$(10,368,103) \$ (7,955,222) 5,317,349 Total primary government net (expense)/revenue General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities **Taxes** 9,688,247 \$ 8,545,487 8,257,155 9,014,489 Property taxes 985,063 1,001,561 1,864,268 1,927,527 Tax increments for redevelopment agency 13,876,702 12,329,909 11,406,021 10,422,430 Sales taxes 4,592,073 3,793,487 3,398,841 2,910,135 Franchise taxes 1,037,038 1,024,886 909,928 **938,**140 Fee-in-lieu of property taxes 4,893,627 Impact fees 1,839,241 1,029,396 482,850 588,437 Earnings on investments 762,264 345,471 1,664,569 406,400 Miscellaneous 70,921 2,902,899 36,766 (300,000)**Transfers** 32,851,549 30,973,096 30,801,185 28,020,398 Total governmental activities Business-type activities 2,522,059 Impact fees 751,354 313,942 118,841 112,845 Earnings on investments (70,921) (2,902,899)(36,766)300,000 Transfers 680,433 82,075 (2,588,957)2,934,904 Total business-type activities \$ 33,531,982 \$ 28,384,139 \$ 28,102,473 \$ 33,736,089 Total primary government Change in Net Assets 581,940 8,774,801 \$ 8,103,818 \$ 32,075,358 Governmental activities 7,458,071 9,912,218 11,372,450 6,978,080 Business-type activities 8,040,011 \$ 18,016,036 \$ 39,053,438 \$ 20,147,251 Total primary government

Schedule 3 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Four Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2003		2004		2005		2006
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$	4,33 8,5 51 5,994 ,9 81	\$	4,093,173 7,956,711	\$	4,9 04, 561 8,21 7 ,575	\$	6,460,662 6,348,594
Total general fund		10,333,532		12,049,884		13,122,136		12,809,256
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in:		10,40 8,2 68		9,541,976		11,368,844	•	7,730,172
Capital projects funds Special revenue funds		3,50 9,3 18 1,45 6, 330		4,846,143 1,355,916		8,856,990 (245,141)		17,348,078 (852,943)
Total all other governmental funds		15,373,916		15,744,035		19,9 80 ,693		24,225,307
Total governmental funds	\$	25,707,448	\$	27,793,919	\$	33,102,829	\$	37,034,563

Schedule 4 CITY OF WEST JORDAN

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Four Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

•	Fiscal Year							
•		2003		2004		2005		2006
Revenues	-							
Taxes	\$	22,967,051	\$	24,911,029	\$	26 ,82 3,344	\$	29, 571 ,8 35
Licenses and permits		1,923,378		2,777,196		1,977,626		2,735,206
Intergovernmental		4 ,079, 779		4, 123, 78 6		3,570,836		4,490,199
Charges for services		3,195,167		3,919,569		2,1 78 ,876		1,949 ,0 34
Fines and forfeitures		1,442,294		1,822,690		1,838,734		1,883,114
Interfund charges		-				- .		3,846,938
Impact fees		4,893,627		5,512,123		3, 704 ,156		5,683,401
Interest		492,384		403 ,806		889 ,975		1,531,230
Donations		75,000		•		· -		
Miscellaneous		129,925		396,862		345,471		762,264
Total revenues		39,198,605		43,867,061		41,329,018		52,453,221
Expenditures								
General government		5,903,391		6,382,793		7,266,953		7,942,655
Community development		1,778,198		2,269, 90 1		2,210,631		9,943,412
Police		8,962,448		9,608,342		10, 84 5,453		12,006,929
Fire		5,514,809		6 ,614 ,19 7		7,169,471		7,658,183
Public works		5,088,531		5,572,241		4,515,394		4 ,95 9,68 6
Parks and recreation		1,664,256		1,565,423		1,525,720		2,082,308
Debt Service								
Principal		2,674,449		3,634,301		2,997,110		2,815,00 0
Interest		1,297,503		1,196, 19 9		1,519,546		1,850,473
Bond issuance costs		-		-		•		214,576
Capital outlay		4,629,343		7,873,749		12,078,423		7,613,265
Total expenditures		37,512,928		44,717,146	_	50,128,701		57,086,487
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		1,685,677		(850,085)	_	(8,799,683)		(4,633,266)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Issuance of bonds		_		1,000,000		11,218,209		8, 51 5,00 0
Sale of land		122,698		2,012,953		-		-
Transfers in		2,103,972		1,861,671		31,625,108		8,023,776
Transfers out		(2,291,175)		(1,938,068)		(28,734,724)		(7,973,776)
				2 026 556		14,108,593		8,565,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(64,505)		2,936,556		14,100,393		6,505,000
Net change in fund balances		1,621,172	\$	2,086,471	<u>\$</u>	5,308,910		3,931,735
Debt service as a percentage								
of noncapital expenditures		12.2%		13.2%		12.0%		10.5%

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditure categories.

Schedule 5 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Property Tax (1)	Fee	tor Vehicle e-in-lieu of operty Tax	 Sales Franchise Tax Tax		Total		
1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	\$ 3,250,199 3,386,455 3,736,559 4,014,328 4,884,985 6,494,924 8,696,346 9,196,239 9,675,062 10,066,022	\$	387,942 563,350 616,623 545,800 600,006 808,441 938,140 909,928 1,024,886 1,037,038	\$ 6,496,655 6,075,692 6,743,350 7,752,399 9,225,689 10,530,861 10,422,430 11,406,021 12,329,909 13,876,702	\$	1,614,113 1,911,240 1,893,352 1,943,231 2,607,900 3,244,274 2,910,135 3,398,841 3,793,487	\$	11,748,909 11,936,737 12,989,884 14,255,758 17,318,580 21,078,500 22,967,051 24,911,029 26,823,344
Growth 1997-2006	209.7%		167.3%	113.6%		4,592,073 184.5%		29,571,835 151.7%

Note: As part of the implementation of GASB 34 in 2003, the redevelopment agency is included with the governmental funds.

⁽¹⁾ Includes penalties and interest.

Schedule 6 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Direct Taxable Sales by Category Last Seven Calendar Years

		Categ	ory	• '	G. 175.	
Calendar Year	Retail	Services	Business Equipment & Utilities	Other_	Total	City Direct Sales Tax Rate
1999	\$ 366,306,244	\$ 35,120,184	\$ 95,300,957	\$ 33,854,185	\$ 530,581,570	1.000 %
2000	441,362,445	45,766,958	115,732,778	31,838,347	634,700,528	1.000
2000	499,779,073	53,013,987	96,822,383	35,538,938	685,154,381	1.000
2001	645,256,966	56,953,637	111,821,493	28,726,768	8 42,75 8, 864	1.000
2002	721,372,070	59,432,966	127,965,982	66,052,345	9 74, 823, 363	1.000
	779,610,890	65,804,244	138,978,445	44,577,138	1,028,970,717	1.000
2004 2005	799,387,798	70,187,042	162,597,956	92,238,928	1,124,411,724	1.000

Schedule 7 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Primary Residential Property	Other Property	Less: Adjustments	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value (1)	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
1997 1998	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 1,455,378,195	0.002277	\$ 2,079,111,707	70.00 %
1999	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	1,539,816,473	0.002143	2,199,737,819	7 0 .00
2000	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	1,607,515,782	0.002150	2,296,451,118	70 .00
2001	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	1,753,573,920	0.002198	2,505,105,600	70 .00
2002	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	2,036,053,281 2,407,894,022	0.002296	2,908,647,544	70 .00
2003	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,647,019,329	0.002483 0.002419	3,929,972,290	61.27
2004	\$ 1,913, 727,2 74	\$ 1,08 9,0 15,730	\$ 265,116,877	2,737,626,127	0.002419	4,453,262,667 4,568,519,865	59.44
2005	2,077,650,682	1,17 5,99 7,080	218,199,952	3,035,447,810	0.002400	4,953,543,775	59.92 61.28
20 06	2,300,533,795	1,244,500,864	239,861,138	3,305,173,521	0.002572	5,427,289,582	60 .90

Note: Property in Salt Lake County is reassessed once every five years on average. The county assesses non-residential property at actual value and assesses residential property at 55 percent of actual value. Estimated actual value of residential property is calculated by dividing assessed value by 55 percent. Tax rates are per dollar of assessed value.

(1) Years preceding 2002 were based on estimated ratio of assessed to market value. Years 2002 and 2003 are estimated based on ratio of assessed to market value for the prior fiscal year. Years following 2003 are estimated based on ratio of assessed to market value for the current fiscal year.

N/A = Not available

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Salt Lake County Auditor's Office

Schedule 8
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the Total Collections to Date Collections Fiscal Year of the Levy Total Percentage in Subsequent Percentage Tax **Fiscal** of Levy Amount Years of Levy Amount Year Levy 100.23 % \$ 2,216,947 \$ % 1997 \$ 2,211,801 \$ 99.47 3,360,662 3,378,547 1998 100.04 3,706,166 1999 3,704,862 99.48 3,992,483 4,013,369 2000 98.18 4,850,688 4,940,754 2001 98.91 6,466,754 6,537,928 2002 99.89 6,743,407 6,750,625 2003 98.22 7,255,448 211,165 95.36 7,044,284 2004 7,387,101 8,597,335 98.51 202,529 96.19 8,394,805 2005 8,727,713 96.28 8,747,963 96.28 8,747,963 2006 9,085,903

Note: Years preceding 2004 reflect total collections, including delinquent collections, relative to the tax levy. Year 2004 begins tracking collections by levy year as specified by GASB 44.

Source: Salt Lake County Treasurer

Schedule 9 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Seven Fiscal Years

Overlapping Rates City Botanical, Fiscal Direct State of Salt Lake Mass Cultural, Year Utah Rate (1) County Transit Zoo Total 2000 1.000 % 4.750 % 0.250 % 0.250 % 0.100 % 6.350 % 2001 1.000 4.750 0.250 0.500 0.100 6.600 2002 -1.000 4.750 0.250 0.500 0.1006.600 2003 1.000 4.750 0.250 0.500 0.1006.600 2004 1.000 4.750 0.250 0.500 0.100 6.600 2005 1.000 4.750 0.250 0.500 0.1006.600 2006 1.000 4.750 0.250 0.500 0.100 6.600

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments and agencies that apply to taxable sales within the City.

(1) Of the total sales taxes assessed by municipalities within the state, 50 percent is distributed based on point of sale and 50 percent is pooled and distributed based on population.

Schedule 10 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Cit	y Direct Rates	(1)	Overlapping Rates					
Fiscal Year	Operating	Debt Service	Total Direct	Salt Lake County	Jordan School District	Other	Total		
1997	0.002277	0.000000	0.002277	0.004764	0.006392	0.000342	0.013775		
1998	0.002413	0.000000	0.002413	0.004572	0.006504	0.000400	0.013889		
1999	0.002150	0.000000	0.002150	0.003828	0.006561	0.0 004 00	0.012939		
2000	0.002198	0.000000	0.002198	0.003913	0.007582	0.000396	0.01 40 89		
2001	0.002296	0.000000	0.002296	0.003899	0.008845	0.000377	0.015417		
2002	0.002483	0.000000	0.002483	0.003789	0.008424	0.000783	0.015479		
2003	0.002419	0.000000	0.002419	0.003683	0.008344	0.000767	0.015213		
2004	0.002466	0.000000	0.002466	0.003615	0.008366	0.000789	0.015236		
2005	0.002420	0.000275	0.002695	0.003549	0.008856	0.000778	0.015878		
2006	0.002319	0.000253	0.002572	0.003378	0.008655	0.000831	0.015436		

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments and agencies that apply to property owners within the City. Tax rates are per dollar of assessed value.

(1) The City's certified property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city council, after holding one or more truth-in-taxation public hearings.

Schedule 11 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Principal Sales Tax Payers Current Year and Two Years Ago

		2006			2004	
Taxpayer	Sales Tax (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Sales Tax (1)	Sales Tax (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Sales Tax (1)
Wal-Mart Stores	N/A	1	N/A	N/A	1	N/A
Sam's Club	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	2	N/A
Smith's	N/A	3	N/A	N/A	9	N/A
Stock Building Supply	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
BMC West	N/A	5	N/A	N/A	6	N/A
The Home Depot	N/A	6	N/A	N/A	4	N/A
Lowe's	N/A	7	N/A	N/A	10	N/A
Target	N/A	8	N/A	N/A	8	N/A
Rocky Mountain Power	N/A	9	N/A	N/A	_	N/A
Sears Roebuck	N/A	10	N/A	N/A	5	N/A
Macey's	N/A		N/A	N/A	7	N/A
Total	\$ 4,320,944		31.14 %	\$ 4,268,655		37.42 %

(1) Sales tax information is considered proprietary and cannot be shown by individual payer, so the group is shown in the aggregate.

N/A = Not applicable

Schedule 12 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

•	2006			1997		
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Jordan Landing LLC	\$ 128,591,800	1 ·	3.89 %	\$ -		- %
Jordan Valley Hospital	31,871,600	2	0.96	19,764,200	1	1.36
WRI West Jordan	23,080,500	3	0.7 0	-		•
Mtn America Credit Union	21,828,500	4	0.66	•		-
Willowcove General LLC	20,802,155	5	0.63	_		
Wal-Mart Stores	17,485,900	6	0.53	-		•
Dannon Company Inc	15,667,400	7	0.47	-		-
Sysco Foods	15,437,400	8	0.47	-		-
Sears Roebuck	15,100,600	9	0.46	=		-
IS Properties	13,340,400	10	0.40	-		•
Grand Central	-			10,744,000	2	0.74
Pacific Coast Bldg Prod	· -		-	14,133,560	3	0.97
Broadmoor Holdings Inc	•		-	9,083,580	4	0.62
Stonebridge Ltd	-		-	9,078,355	5	0.62
South Wire	-		-	8, 206,5 00	6	0.56
AIMCO Properties	-		•	7,029,550	.7	0.48
Fairchild Semiconductor		•		6,508,210	- 8	0.45
Carmike Cinemas Inc	-		-	6,195,600	9	0.43
Legacy Management				6,173,200	. 10	0.42
Total	\$ 303,206,255	•	9.17 %	\$ 96,916,755	:	6.66 %

Source: Salt Lake County Assessor

Schedule 13
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Six Fiscal Years

			Per	Capita (1)	161	355	426	386	472	494
		Percentage		Income (I) C		1.23	1.45	1.30	1.50	1.54
		Total	Primary	Government	\$ 13,151,255	30,504,347	37,479,931	35,675,222	45,016,953	48,145,113
Type			Capital	Leases		•	•	721,483	583,529	441,223
Business-Type Activities		Water	Revenue	Bonds	\$ 1,675,000	1,145,000	10,500,000	9,600,000	11,185,000	7,835,000
			Contracts	Payable	2,090,000	2,025,000	1,955,000	1,880,000	1,800,000	1,715,000
			Capital	Leases	\$ 506,255 \$	389,347	399,931	253,739	78,424	068,866
	Special	Improvement	District	Warrants		•	•	•		495,000
Activities	Tax	Increment	Revenue	Bonds	960,000	655,000	335,000	1,000,000	835,000	8,690,000
Governmental A		Excise Tax	Road	Bonds	s	4,160,000	3,760,000	3,350,000	2,925,000	2,485,000
		Sales Tax	Revenue	Bonds		14,460,000	13,225,000	11,955,000	10,645,000	9,290,000
		Lease	Revenue	Bonds	7,920,000	7,670,000	7,305,000	6,915,000	6,510,000	6,085,000
		General	Obligation	Bonds	9	•		•	10,455,000	10,110,000
•	•		Fiscal	Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2002	2006

(1) See Schedule 22 for personal income and population data.

Schedule 14 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General	Bonded Debt C	Outstanding	Percentage of	
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Other Bonds	Total	Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Per Capita (2)
1997	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	- %	\$ -
1998	-	-	•	•	-
1999	•	• •	-	-	-
2000			-	-	-
2001	-	-	•	-	-
2002	•	-	-	-	-
2003	-	-	-	-	-
2004	-	-		-	- .
2005	10,455,000	-	10,455,000	0.34	110
2006	10,110,000	-	10,110,000	0.31	104

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule 7 for property value data.(2) See Schedule 22 for population data.

Schedule 15 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2006

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to West Jordan (1)	Estimated Amount Applicable to West Jordan
City of West Jordan Jordan School District Salt Lake County	\$ 39,868,890 171,915,000 191,570,000	100.00 % 16.86 6.11	\$ 39,868,890 28,984,869 11,704,927
Total			\$ 80,558,686

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesse

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by dividing the City's taxable assessed value by each overlapping unit's total taxable assessed value.

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Jordan School District; Salt Lake County Auditor's Office

Schedule 16
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Legal Debt Margin Information
Last Ten Fiscal Years

								Fisca	Fiscal Year									
	1997		1998	1999		2000		2001		2002	~	2003		2004		2005		2006
Debt Limit	\$ 83,164,468 \$ 87,989,513 \$ 91,858,045	×	7,989,513	\$ 91,858	3,045	\$ 100,204,224	69	116,345,902 \$ 157,198,892	S		\$ 17	\$ 178,130,507		\$ 182,740,795	S	198,141,751	5	217,091,583
Total debt applicable to limit	•				,	4		•	!	,						10,455,000		10,110,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 83,164,468	% %	\$ 87,989,513 \$ 91,858,045	\$ 91,85	3,045	\$ 100,204,224	2	116,345,902	<u>د</u>	157,198,892	\$ 17	178,130,507	_	182,740,795		187,686,751	چ	\$ 206,981.583
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	%00.0		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		5.28%		4.66%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2006

\$ 5,427,289,582	217,091,583	10,110,000	\$ 206.981.583
Estimated market value	Debt limit (4% of market value)	Debt applicable to limit	Legal debt margin

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Salt Lake County Auditor's Office

Schedule 17
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Water Revenue Bonds
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Revenue

Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Available for Debt		Debt S	<u>ervic</u>	e Requirem	ents	(3)	
Year	Revenues(1)	Expenses(2)	 Service	Pr	inci pal		Interest		Total	Coverage
1997	\$ 7,352,336	\$ 6,528,854	\$ 823,482	\$	-	\$	178,814	\$	178,814	4.61
1998	7,519,719	7,127,479	392,240		-		141,325	·	141,325	2.78
1999	8,954,264	8,130,324	823,940		35,000		129,927		164,927	5.00
2000	10,158,308	9,076,015	1,082,293		320,000		121,168		441,168	2.45
2001	12,950,898	9,655,722	3,295,176	,	500,000		100,623		600,623	5.49
2002	11,714,058	10,435,964	1,278,094		530,000		74,350		604,350	2.11
2003	9,761,397	6,621,253	3,140,144	1,	145,000		68,649	1	1,213,649	2.59
2004	12,523,702	8,095,110	4,428,592		900,000		146,086		,046,086	4.23
2005	12,521,995	6,085,885	6,436,110	1,	280,000		237,376		1,517,376	4.24
2006	13,663,327	9,293,479	4,369,848	1,	250,000		335,879		,585,879	2.76

⁽¹⁾ Total revenues (including interest and impact fees). Prior to 2003, amounts shown are for water and sewer combined.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation. Prior to 2003, amounts shown are for water and sewer combined.

⁽³⁾ Prior to 2003, amounts shown are for water and sewer combined.

Schedule 18
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Sales Tax		Deb	t Ser	vice Requirem	ents		
Year	 Revenue		Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
1997	\$ 6,496,655	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	-
1998	6,075,692				-			-
199 9	6,743,350	,	-		-		-	
2000	7,752,399		-		-		-	-
2001	9,225,688		-		-		- .	-
2002	10,530,861		-		172,993		172,993	60. 87
2003	10,422,430		1,235,000		589,335		1,824,335	5.71
2004	11,406,021		1,270,000		550,476		1,820,476	6.27
2005	12,329,909		1,310,000		514,175		1,824,175	6.76
2006	13,876,702		1,355,000		469 ,80 0		1,824,800	7.60

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Schedule 19
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Excise Tax Road Bonds
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	.]	Class C Road Tax		Deb	t Ser	vice Requirem	ents	· .		
Year	1	Allotment	F	rincipal		Interest		Total	Cov	erage
1997	\$	992,927	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-		•
19 98		1,587,463		-		-		-		-
19 99		1,828,655		-		-		-		-
2000		1,962,119		-		-		-	•	
2001		2,226,675		-		-		-		-
2002		2,725,943		420,000		228,018		648 ,01 8	•	4.21
2003		2,727,564		400,000		16 3,8 48		563,848		4.84
2004		3,113,374		410,000		15 4,9 62		564,962		5.51
2005		2,357,115		425,000		142,413		567,413		4.15
2006		2,843,839		440,000		12 4,6 75		564,675		5.04

Schedule 20
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	I	Tax ncrement		Debt	Ser	vice Requirem	ents		•
Year		Revenue	F	rincipal		Interest		Total	Coverage
1997	\$	120,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
1998	•	120,000		-		-		-	-
1999		695,086		•		-		•	· -
2000		724,314		-				-	-
2001		1,145,086		320,000		37,264		357,264	3.21
2002		1,636,422		305,000		51,911		356,911	4.5 8
2003		1,927,527		320,000		35 ,764		355,764	5.42
2004		1,864,268		335,000		18, 578		353,578	5.27
2005		1,001,561		165,000		44,849		209,849	4.77
2006		985,063		165,000		266,915		431,915	2.28

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Schedule 21 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Pledged-Revenue Coverage HUD Contract Payable Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Dev Ble	ommunity velopment ock Grant Revenue	 Deb Principal	t Ser	vice Requirem	ents	Total	Coverage
1997	<u> </u>	41,291	\$ -	\$		\$	-	-
1998	•	586,424	-		-		· -	
1999		469,000	-		-			, -
2000		484,171	-				-	-
2001		593,966	-		9 9,40 3		99 ,403	5.9 8
2002		798,511	65,000		155,368	ŕ	220,368	3.62
2003		588,465	70,000		150,620		220,620	2.67
2004		559,642	75,000		145,475		220 ,475	2.54
2005		501,878	80,000		139,943		219,943	2.28
2006		541,696	85,000		134,048		219,048	2.47

Schedule 22 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	 Personal Income (1)	 Per Capita Personal Income (2)	UnemploymentRate (3)
1997	64,211	N/A	N/A	3.0 %
1998	67,599	N/A	N/A	2.9
199 9	71,039	N/A	N/A	3.4
2000	78,714	N/A	N/A	3.4
2001	8 1,61 9	\$ 2,258,724,206	\$ 27,6 74	3.2
2002	85,865	2,482,700,610	28,914	4.4
2003	87,969	2,583,385,623	29,367	6.0
2004	92,475	2,746,415,025	29, 699	5.9
2005	95,422	2,995,392,002	31,391	5.2
2006	97,365	3,116,945,745	32,013	4.4

- (1) Estimates of total personal income are derived by multiplying per capita personal income amounts by the corresponding population.
- (2) Per capita personal income amounts are for Salt Lake County. The amounts shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., amounts for calendar year 2005 are shown in fiscal year 2006. Amounts for calendar year 2005
- (3) Unemployment rates are for the Salt Lake City, UT metropolitan area. The rates shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., rates for calendar year 2005 are shown in fiscal year 2006.

N/A = Not available

Sources: Population information provided by the West Jordan Community Development Department. Per capita personal income information provided by the Governor's Office of Planning & Budget. Unemployment rates provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bur

Schedule 23 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2006			1997	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Jordan School District	2,322	1	6.83 %	1,044	. 1	6.78
Wal-Mart	581	2	1.71	-		-
Fairchild Semi-conductor	575	3	1.69	550	2	3.57
West Jordan City	523	4	1.54	340	3	2.21
Sysco Intermountain Food Services	496	5	1.46	-		•
Jordan Valley Hospital	387	6	1.14	208	4	1.35
Smith's	364	7	1.07	-		-
Mountain America Credit Union	266	8	0.78		•	-
Sam's Club	250	9	0.74	-		-
Sears Roebuck	238	10	0.70	• -		-
Southwire	-		-	200	5	1.30
Interstate Brick	-		-	175	6	1.14
Shopko	-		-	144	7	0.93
Fashion Cabinets Mfg. Inc.	-		• -	120	8	0.78
West Jordan Care Center	-		-	117	9	0.76
Utah Army National Guard Aviation				105	10	0.68
Total	6, 002		17.65 %	3,003		19.49

Schedule 24
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Three Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2004	2005	2006
General government			
Mayor & city council	4.00	4.10	4.10
Administration	9.50	8.90	14.40
Support services	15.63	14.63	_
Finance/Administrative services	11.50	17.50	27.50
Facilities	-	_	4.93
Attorney	8.75	10.75	10.75
Court	10.00	. 10.00	11.00
Community development			
Planning & zoning	9.50	9.50	10.50
Economic development	1.00	1.00	_
Building safety	12.25	12.17	12.27
Police			
Support services	25.20	54.20	5 8.70
Line services	10 8.80	86.80	86.35
Animal control	5.00	5.00	5.00
Fire	85.00	85.00	85.00
Public works			
Public works administration	0.75	4.00	6.00
Engineering	15.33	18.33	23.15
Streets	21.00	21.00	21.00
Fleet operations	8.75	8.00	8.00
Parks and recreation	13. 00	15.50	14.50
Water	17.59	14. 00	15.0 0
Sewer	12. 16	11.00	11.00
Solid waste	3.75	1.00	1.00
Total	398.45	412.37	430.15

Note: Full-time equivalent employees shown are based on authorized positions as determined by the salary schedule and the personnel budgets for the specified year.

Source: West Jordan Human Resources Department

Schedule 25
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year					
Function/Program	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	
Community development Residential building permits issued Commercial building permits issued	1,399	1,243	1,524	1,468	811	864 241	1,162	1,757	1,299	1,339	
Police Calls for service (1) Arrests Violations cited	N/A N/A N/A	Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	N/A N/A N/A	X/A X/A X/A	X	53,630 3,392 14,591	55,661 3,036 14,724	59,247 2,718 16,158	46,352 2,998 14,942	59,866 3,237 15,531	
Fire Medical responses Fire responses	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	Z/A	2,301 1,250	2,574 1,154	2,610	3,473 1,059	3,251 1,033	3,296	
Water Residential accounts serviced Commercial accounts serviced	N/A/X	N/A N/A	X/A X/A	N/A N/A	16,058 800	16,459 88 4	16,859 943	17,847	18,806 1,107	19,174 1,031	
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	15,852	15,688	14,202	15,611	13,980	16,455	
Sewer Sewer line miles inspected Sewer line miles cleaned (2)	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	X	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A .	64 214	55	45	

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government, public works, parks & recreation or solid waste functions. Some of the amounts shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., amounts for calendar year 2005 would be shown in fiscal year 2006.

(2) The tracking methodology changed effective January 1, 2006. Prior to that date, multiple passes through the same section of pipe were counted toward the (1) The decrease from 2004 to 2005 is due to a change in reporting methodology from Valley Emergency Communications Center, a regional dispatch center. total cleaning, e.g., three passes through a 400 foot section of pipe would be counted as 1,200 feet cleaned. Following that date, only the lineal feet of the section being cleaned were counted, e.g., three passes through a 400 foot section of pipe would be counted as 400 feet cleaned.

N/A = Not available

Schedule 26
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				,
Function/Program	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Police										
Marked patrol vehicles	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/N	A/X	A/N	17	71	17
Fire					1		115.	•	•	
Fire stations	3	3	'n	د	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fire engines	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Y Y	• 9	·	۰ ۷
Ambulances	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/N	₹ Z		· •	· •
Public works						! !	1)	,	'n
Street miles	188	188	219	253	271	286	325	325	325	327
Streetlights	2,116	2,123	2,259	3.005	3.045	3.376	3 605	3 834	4 303	4 528
Parks and recreation							20,6	5	,,,	27.6
Park acreage	290	290	290	290	418	407	407	442	442	448
Baseball/softball diamonds	15	15	15	15	91	25	25	25	25	26
Soccer fields	20	20	20	20	23	23	23	24	24	24
Water										
Water main miles	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Y/N	N/N	A/Z	272	316	308
Storage capacity						•	17/17	1		070
(thousands of gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	28,000	26,500	26,500

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government, community development, sewer or solid waste functions.

N/A = Not available

Schedule 27
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Impact Fee Actual Revenue and Forceasted Expenditures

		·			TOTAL				S 689,653.40		·		5 1,992,375,81				\$ 2,307,292.80	\$ 126,371.95	\$ 114,352.21	
	ာ	\$ 75,398.29 2,291,290.05 2,327,733.48	\$ 4,694,421.82		FISCAL YEAR 2010 BUDGET															\$ 27,257.62 8,534.91 30,415.69
	WAT	\$ 1,037,488.45 3,190,343.37 3,349,656.79	\$ 7,577,488.62		PROJECT															Developer reimbursement SCADA upgrades. 2700 W North line
	POLICE	\$ 114,352.21	\$ 114,352.21		FISCAL YEAR 2009 BUDGET															\$ 100,000.00 30,548.00 16,974.00
	FIRE	\$ 126,371.95	\$ 126,371.95	S	PROJECT															Developer reimbursement SCADA upgrades Sugar factory south
	STORM	73	\$ 2,307,292.80	rojected Expendituı	FISCAL YEAR 2008 BUDGET									\$ 5,163.16	37,614.53 32,003,10		\$ 74,780.80		\$ 29,852.21	\$ 100,000.00 29,803.00 1,753,954.00
ee Revenues	PARKS	\$ 502,684.45	\$ 1,992,375.81	Budgeted Capital Projects and Schedule of Projected Expenditures	PROJECT						٠			Developer Reimbursement	Airport Detention Baoley Detention				Long term debt payment	Developer reimbursement SCADA upgrades Copperton lines construct
Unspent Impact Fee Revenues	ROADS	\$ 689,653.40	\$ 689,653.40	Budgeted Capital	FISCAL VEAR 2007 BUDGET	\$ 15,778.00	47,030.23 224,462.45 307.707.10	19,769.80	\$ 689,653.40		\$ 83,814.85 129,821.13	278,604.90	\$ 1,992,375.81	\$ 36,235.00	6,097.00	386,997.00	\$ 2,232,512.00	\$ 126,371.95	\$ 84,500.00	\$ 52,278.00 100,000.00 47,750.00
		Fiscal Year 2004 Fiscal Year 2005 Fiscal Year 2006	Ending Balance 06/30/2006		PROJECT	Direct service fees	Jordan Landing Blvd Debt 90th So. Phase 18	Signals Phase 1A	Developer Kembursement		Direct service fees Ron Woods Phase 1	Developer reimbursement Ron Woods Phase 2A		Direct service fees	3200 West Storm line	7800 South Phase 3	Developer Remousement	Long term debt payment	Long term debt payment	Direct service fees Developer reimbursement PRV/SCADA upgrades
					FUND	ROADS				PARKS				STORM				FIRE	POLICE	WATER

Budgeted Capital Projects and Schedule of Projected Expenditures (continued)

TOTAL		\$ 7,577,488.62		\$ 4,694,421.82
FISCAL YEAR 2010 BUDGET	237,078.59 94,831.43	\$ 429,728.62		
PROJECT	Airport north loop Airport reservoir #2 design			
FISCAL YEAR 2009 BUDGET	1,682,970.00	\$2,045,652.00		
PROJECT	Copperton tank construct			
FISCAL YEAR 2008 BUDGET	110,381,00	\$ 2,736,452.00	64,925.90 64,925.90	\$ 1,330,931.82
PROJECT	Master plan update 7800 South Westside line		Developer reimbursement Treatment Plant Captial 7000 South Phase 1 ext	
FISCAL YEAR 2007 BUDGET	154,723.00 50,609.00 585,000.00 153,550.00 108,335.00 596,875.00 16,455.00 140,000.00 8,2277.00	\$ 2,365,656.00	\$ 95,870.00 76,400.00 91,273.00 4,732.00 1,055,475.00 240,265.00 105,650.00 768,237.00 925,588.00	\$ 3,363,490.00
PROJECT	7800 South Phase 3 OBIJVWCD meter Auport reservoir 9000 south Well 3 replacement Well 3 replacement Copperton lines design Cracke lane fire line OBH tank discharge replace		Direct service fees Developer reimbursement 7800 South Phase 3 7800 South Phase 3 77800 South upgrade 7000 South upgrade 7000 South upgrade 7800 South Arroort to Grizzly 7400 South 56 West extension	
FUND		SEWER		

CITY OF WEST JORDAN

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

City of West Jordan, Utah Single Audit

Table of Contents

	Page
Report on Independent Certified Public Accountants on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Paguined by Congress and Auditing Standards	1
Required by Government Auditing Standards	1
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Compliance	
with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal	•
Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	3
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	5
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	6
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	7
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	8

OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of West Jordan, Utah

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Jordan, Utah (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

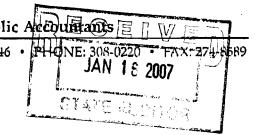
Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not

OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Account and E

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 · SALT LAKE CITY, UTA11 84117-4446 · PHONE: 308-0220

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council West Jordan City, Utah



In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of West Jordan City for the year ended June 30, 2006, we noted certain matters for your consideration. This letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. Also, included are descriptions of immaterial instances of noncompliance. Our consideration of internal control and compliance is limited to items that we became aware of during our audit. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls.

This letter does not affect our report dated November 22, 2006, on the basic financial statements of the City. Also, reportable conditions and material internal control weaknesses, if any, are included in our report dated November 22, 2006, in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

STATE OF UTAH LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Expenditures in Excess of Budgets

The City incurred expenditures in excess of approved budget amounts in the following governmental funds:

	in E	xcess of udget
Western Stampede Special Revenue Fund Parks and recreation	\$	88,348
Municipal Building Authority Capital Projects Fund Interest and fiscal charges		349

In addition the Western Stampede Special Revenue Fund has been in a deficit position for the last two fiscal years which indicates that additional funding may be required.

Recommendation

The City should closely monitor expenditures and operating expenses to ensure they do not exceed budgeted amounts. The city should consider transferring funds into the Western Stampede fund in order to eliminate the deficit.

Management Response and Action Plan

The Director of Finance/Administrative Services will be making a recommendation to increase the transfer of funds to the Western Stampede fund in order to eliminate the deficit. In addition, the City will closely monitor expenditures in the Western Stampede and Municipal Building Authority Funds to ensure they do not exceed budget amounts.

The Preparation of the Report of Unclaimed Property was limited to an analysis of the City's operating cash account and did not include a comprehensive analysis of potential unclaimed property held by the city. The report was also filed approximately 3 days after the required filing date of May 1.

Recommendation

The City should implement specific procedures to identify and report unclaimed property. The procedures should include the timely reconciliation (at least quarterly) of the court trust bank account. This will identify outstanding items in the courts that should be analyzed for inclusion in the report before its filing date. Other items including Construction bonds should be analyzed for unclaimed property. There should be a record to document the procedures taken.

Management Response and Action Plan

The City Treasurer will implement procedures to evaluate the existence of unclaimed property in the areas mentioned above and prepare the unclaimed property report in a timely manner based on the information obtained.

Building Permit Surcharges

The City is required to file a quarterly report with the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing to report the amount collected for building permits issued by the City. The report is required to be submitted, along with the surcharges due to the Division no later than 30 days following the end of each quarter. The report filed for the quarter ended March 31, 2006 was not filed until late in September, approximately 5 months late. In addition the report filed for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 was not filed until late August, approximately 1 month late.

Recommendation

Procedures should be implemented to ensure that the report is filed in a timely manner.

Management Response and Action Plan

City Manager has notified the Community Development Director of this deadline requirement and the Community Director will make all efforts to comply in the future.

Oslome Kolling & Bahler Pecc

The Preparation of the Report of Unclaimed Property was limited to an analysis of the City's operating cash account and did not include a comprehensive analysis of potential unclaimed property held by the city. The report was also filed approximately 3 days after the required filing date of May 1.

Recommendation

The City should implement specific procedures to identify and report unclaimed property. The procedures should include the timely reconciliation (at least quarterly) of the court trust bank account. This will identify outstanding items in the courts that should be analyzed for inclusion in the report before its filing date. Other items including Construction bonds should be analyzed for unclaimed property. There should be a record to document the procedures taken.

Management Response and Action Plan

The City Treasurer will implement procedures to evaluate the existence of unclaimed property in the areas mentioned above and prepare the unclaimed property report in a timely manner based on the information obtained.

Building Permit Surcharges

The City is required to file a quarterly report with the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing to report the amount collected for building permits issued by the City. The report is required to be submitted, along with the surcharges due to the Division no later than 30 days following the end of each quarter. The report filed for the quarter ended March 31, 2006 was not filed until late in September, approximately 5 months late. In addition the report filed for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 was not filed until late August, approximately 1 month late.

Recommendation

Procedures should be implemented to ensure that the report is filed in a timely manner.

Management Response and Action Plan

City Manager has notified the Community Development Director of this deadline requirement and the Community Director will make all efforts to comply in the future.

Oslome Kolling & Bahler Pecc

The Preparation of the Report of Unclaimed Property was limited to an analysis of the City's operating cash account and did not include a comprehensive analysis of potential unclaimed property held by the city. The report was also filed approximately 3 days after the required filing date of May 1.

Recommendation

The City should implement specific procedures to identify and report unclaimed property. The procedures should include the timely reconciliation (at least quarterly) of the court trust bank account. This will identify outstanding items in the courts that should be analyzed for inclusion in the report before its filing date. Other items including Construction bonds should be analyzed for unclaimed property. There should be a record to document the procedures taken.

Management Response and Action Plan

The City Treasurer will implement procedures to evaluate the existence of unclaimed property in the areas mentioned above and prepare the unclaimed property report in a timely manner based on the information obtained.

Building Permit Surcharges

The City is required to file a quarterly report with the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing to report the amount collected for building permits issued by the City. The report is required to be submitted, along with the surcharges due to the Division no later than 30 days following the end of each quarter. The report filed for the quarter ended March 31, 2006 was not filed until late in September, approximately 5 months late. In addition the report filed for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 was not filed until late August, approximately 1 month late.

Recommendation

Procedures should be implemented to ensure that the report is filed in a timely manner.

Management Response and Action Plan

City Manager has notified the Community Development Director of this deadline requirement and the Community Director will make all efforts to comply in the future.

Oslome Kolling & Bahler Pecc

The Preparation of the Report of Unclaimed Property was limited to an analysis of the City's operating cash account and did not include a comprehensive analysis of potential unclaimed property held by the city. The report was also filed approximately 3 days after the required filing date of May 1.

Recommendation

The City should implement specific procedures to identify and report unclaimed property. The procedures should include the timely reconciliation (at least quarterly) of the court trust bank account. This will identify outstanding items in the courts that should be analyzed for inclusion in the report before its filing date. Other items including Construction bonds should be analyzed for unclaimed property. There should be a record to document the procedures taken.

Management Response and Action Plan

The City Treasurer will implement procedures to evaluate the existence of unclaimed property in the areas mentioned above and prepare the unclaimed property report in a timely manner based on the information obtained.

Building Permit Surcharges

The City is required to file a quarterly report with the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing to report the amount collected for building permits issued by the City. The report is required to be submitted, along with the surcharges due to the Division no later than 30 days following the end of each quarter. The report filed for the quarter ended March 31, 2006 was not filed until late in September, approximately 5 months late. In addition the report filed for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 was not filed until late August, approximately 1 month late.

Recommendation

Procedures should be implemented to ensure that the report is filed in a timely manner.

Management Response and Action Plan

City Manager has notified the Community Development Director of this deadline requirement and the Community Director will make all efforts to comply in the future.

Oslome Kolling & Bahler Pecc

The Preparation of the Report of Unclaimed Property was limited to an analysis of the City's operating cash account and did not include a comprehensive analysis of potential unclaimed property held by the city. The report was also filed approximately 3 days after the required filing date of May 1.

Recommendation

The City should implement specific procedures to identify and report unclaimed property. The procedures should include the timely reconciliation (at least quarterly) of the court trust bank account. This will identify outstanding items in the courts that should be analyzed for inclusion in the report before its filing date. Other items including Construction bonds should be analyzed for unclaimed property. There should be a record to document the procedures taken.

Management Response and Action Plan

The City Treasurer will implement procedures to evaluate the existence of unclaimed property in the areas mentioned above and prepare the unclaimed property report in a timely manner based on the information obtained.

Building Permit Surcharges

The City is required to file a quarterly report with the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing to report the amount collected for building permits issued by the City. The report is required to be submitted, along with the surcharges due to the Division no later than 30 days following the end of each quarter. The report filed for the quarter ended March 31, 2006 was not filed until late in September, approximately 5 months late. In addition the report filed for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 was not filed until late August, approximately 1 month late.

Recommendation

Procedures should be implemented to ensure that the report is filed in a timely manner.

Management Response and Action Plan

City Manager has notified the Community Development Director of this deadline requirement and the Community Director will make all efforts to comply in the future.

Oslome Kolling & Bahler Pecc